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(54) BALANCED SOLAR TRACKER CLAMP

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(US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this

patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

This patent is subject to a terminal dis-

claimer.

(21) Appl. No.: 14/184,656

(22) Filed: Feb. 19, 2014

Related U.S. Application Data

- (63) Continuation-in-part of application No. 14/101,273, filed on Dec. 9, 2013.
- (60) Provisional application No. 61/735,537, filed on Dec. 10, 2012, provisional application No. 61/780,955, filed on Mar. 13, 2013, provisional application No. 61/780,947, filed on Mar. 13, 2013.
- (51) Int. Cl. *H02S 20/32* (2014.01) *H01L 31/052* (2014.01)
- (52) **U.S. CI.** CPC *H01L 31/0522* (2013.01); *H02S 20/32* (2014.12)

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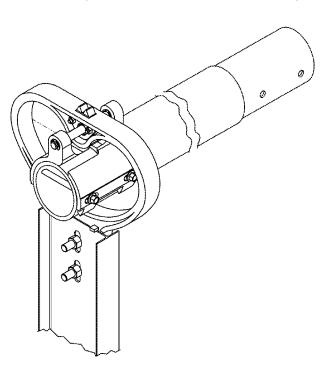
* cited by examiner

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(57) ABSTRACT

In an example, the present invention provides a solar tracker apparatus. In an example, the apparatus comprises a center of mass with an adjustable hanger assembly configured with a clam shell clamp assembly on the adjustable hanger assembly and a cylindrical torque tube comprising a plurality of torque tubes configured together in a continuous length from a first end to a second end such that the center of mass is aligned with a center of rotation of the cylindrical torque tubes to reduce a load of a drive motor operably coupled to the cylindrical torque tube. Further details of the present example, among others, can be found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

19 Claims, 75 Drawing Sheets



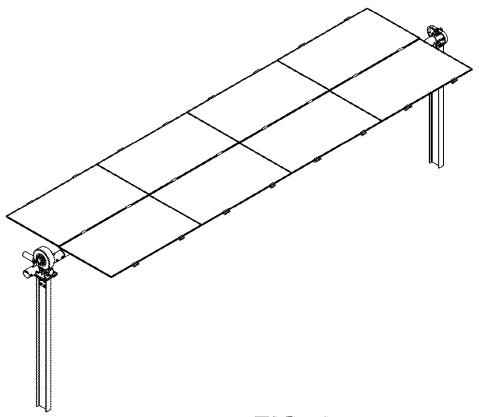
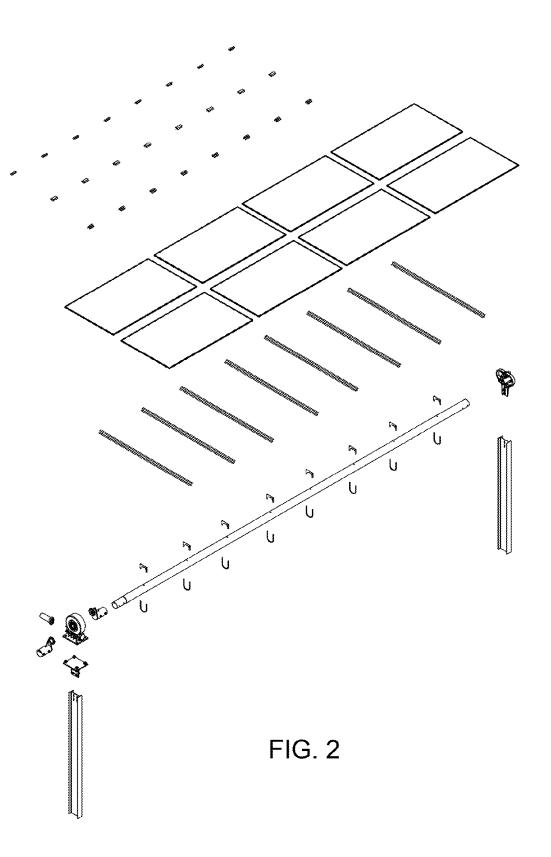
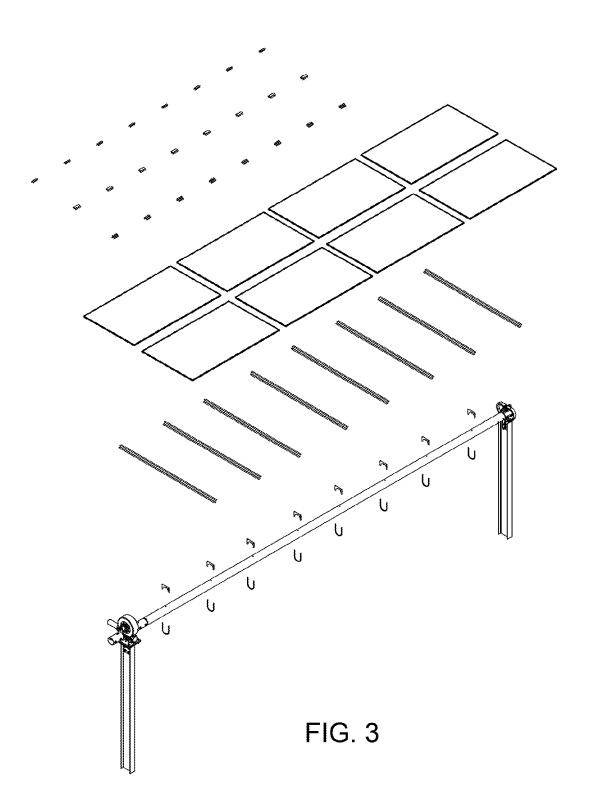
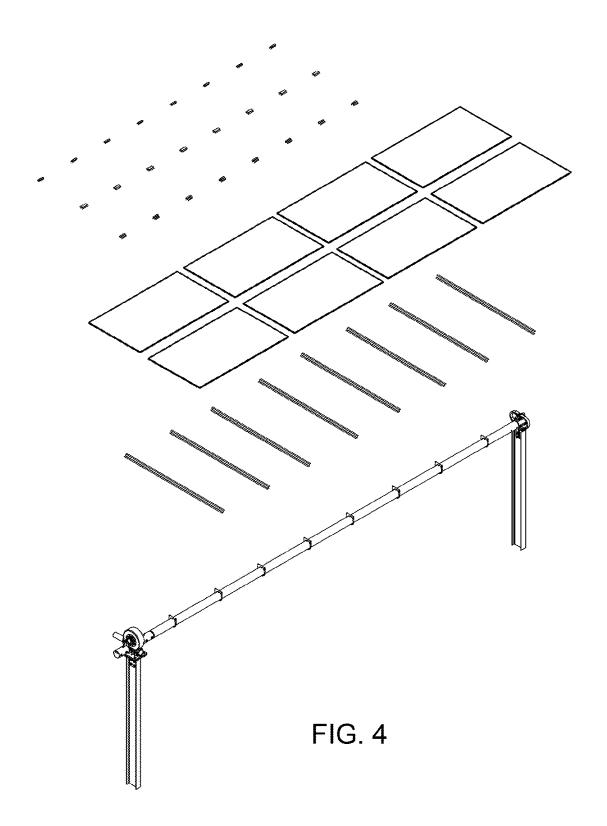


FIG. 1







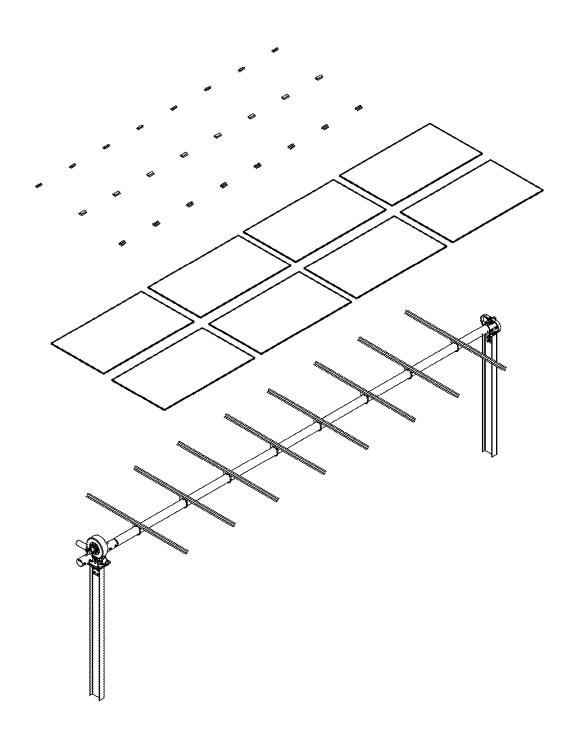
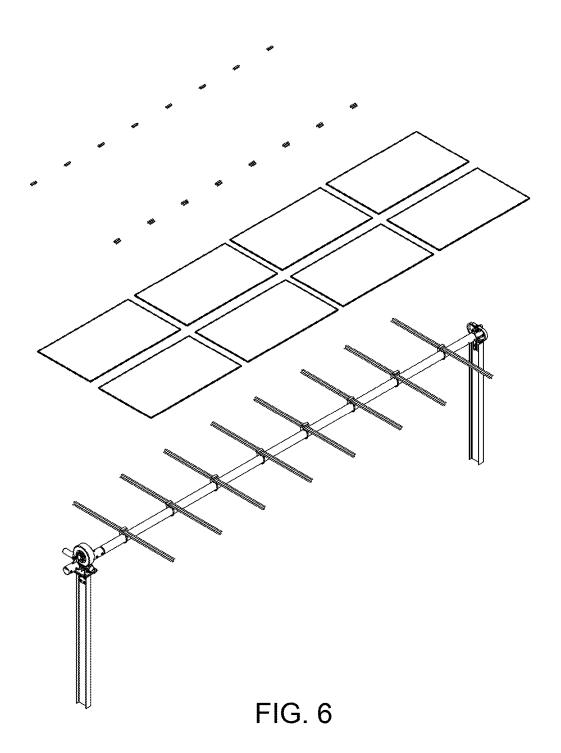


FIG. 5



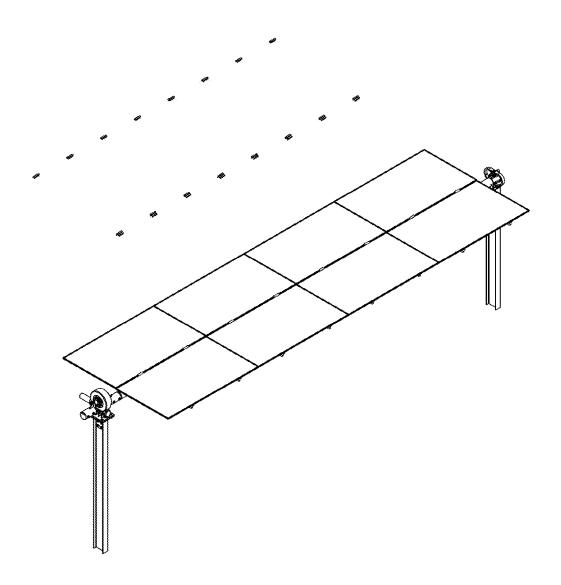
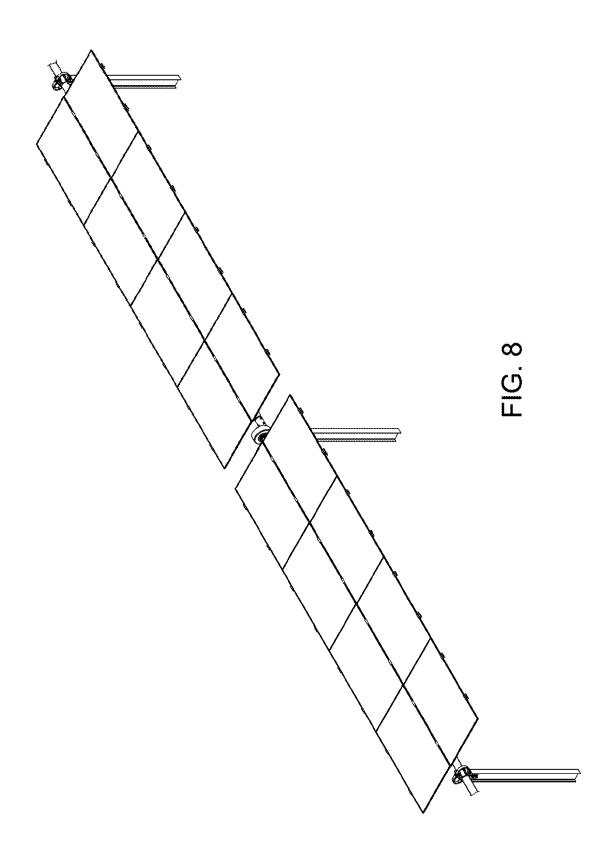
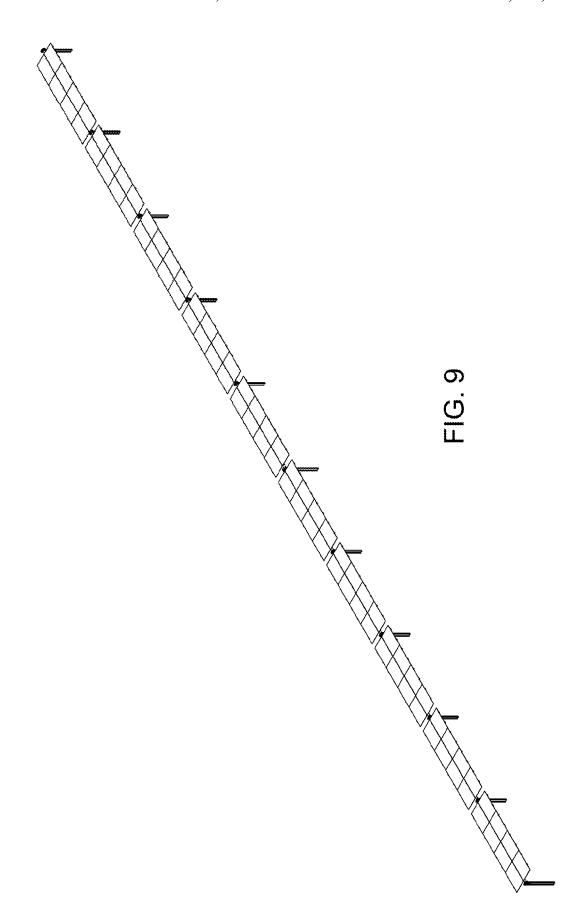
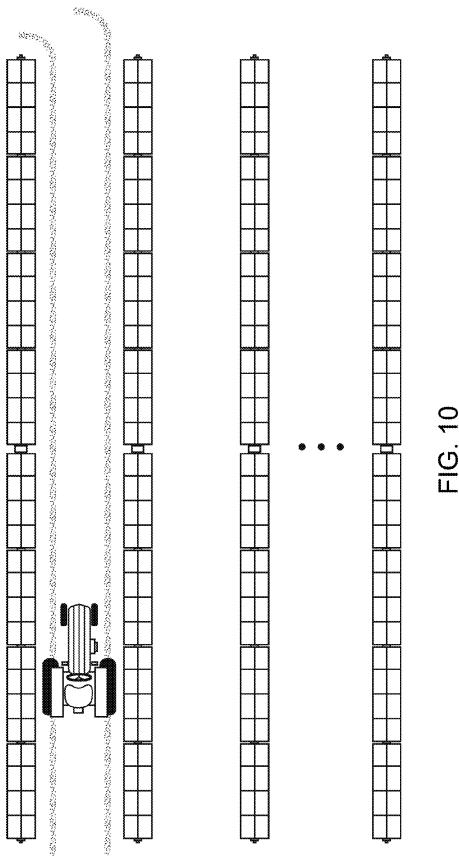
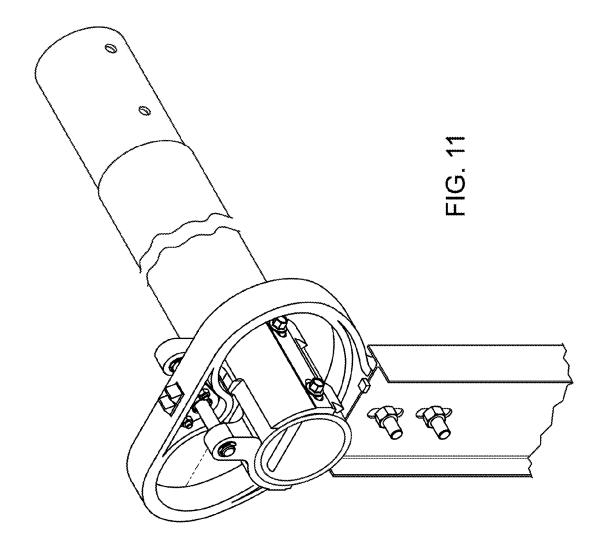


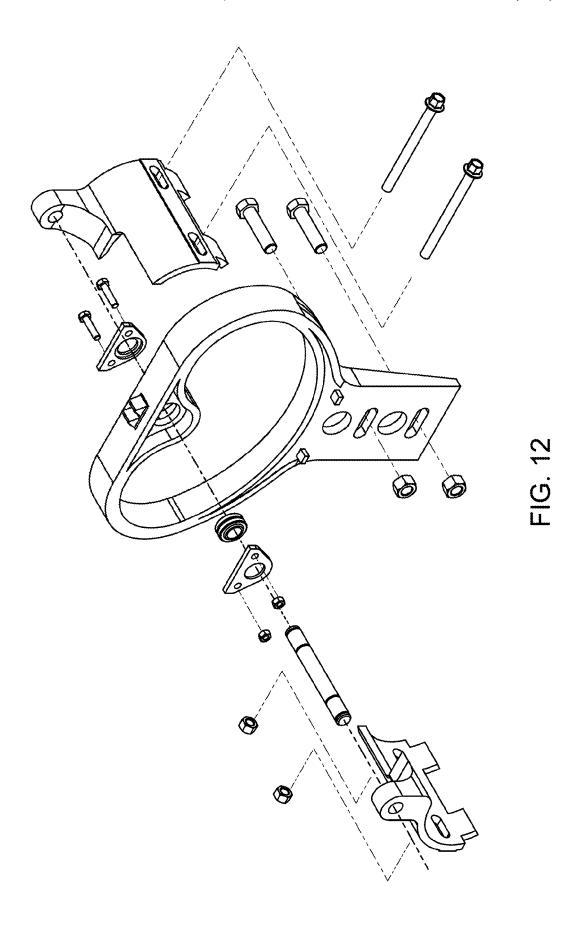
FIG. 7

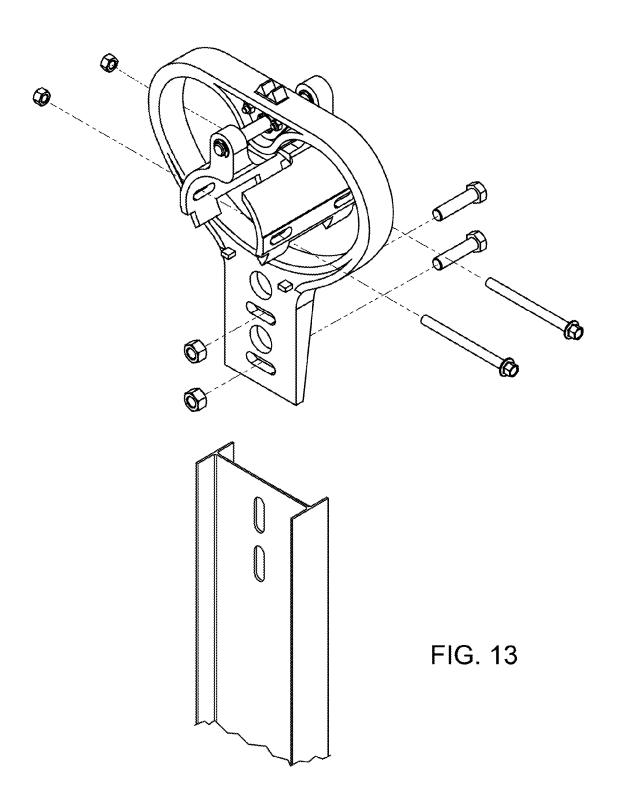


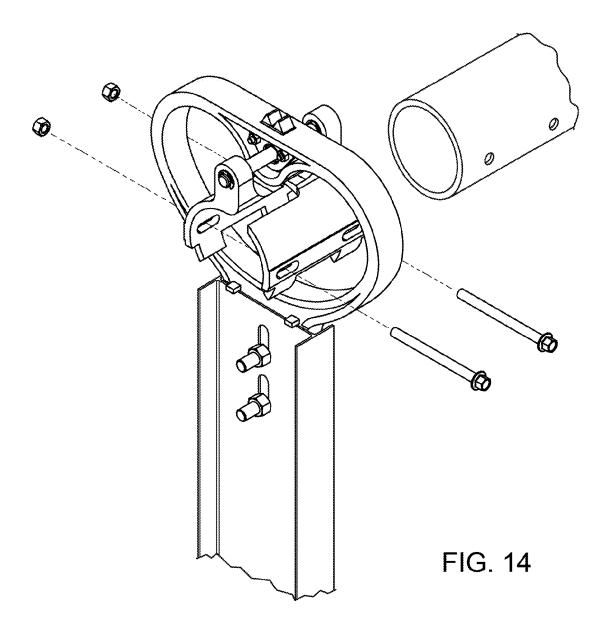












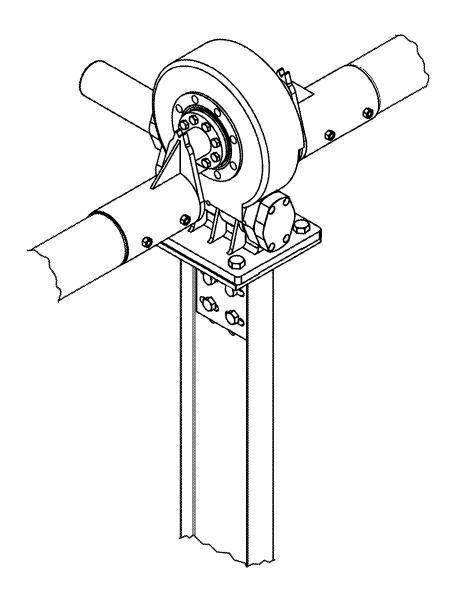
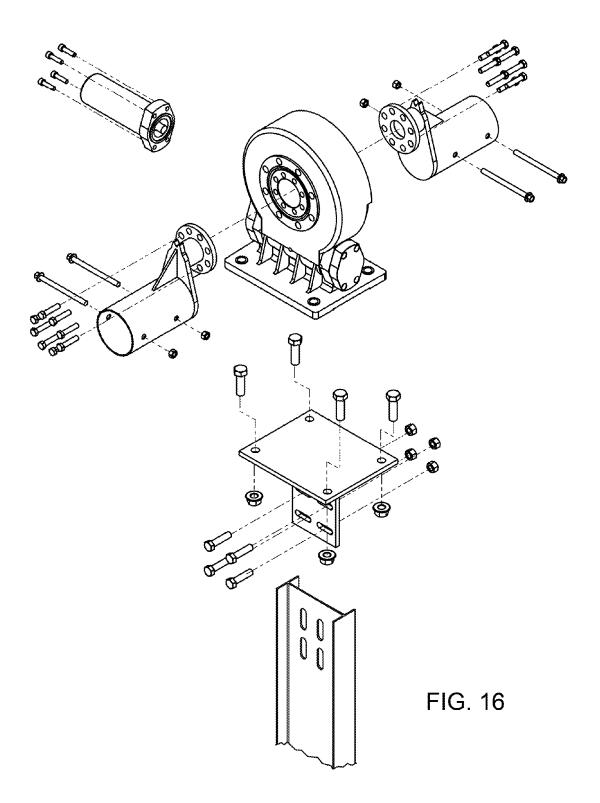
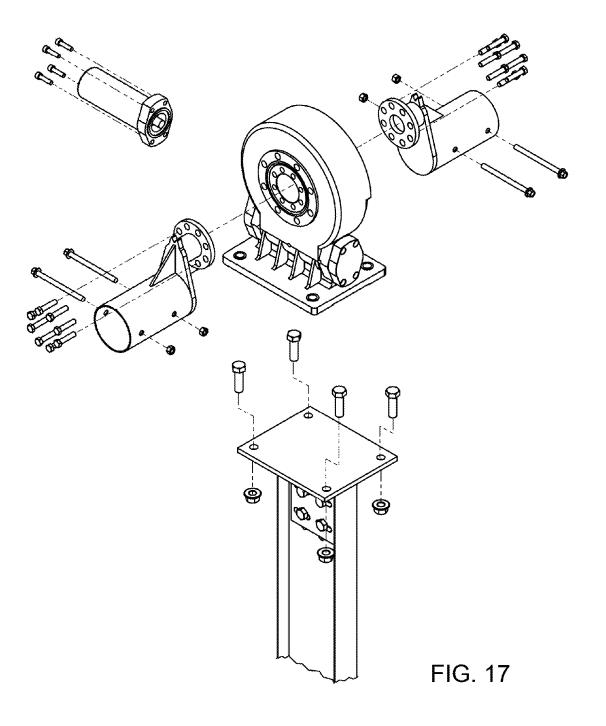


FIG. 15





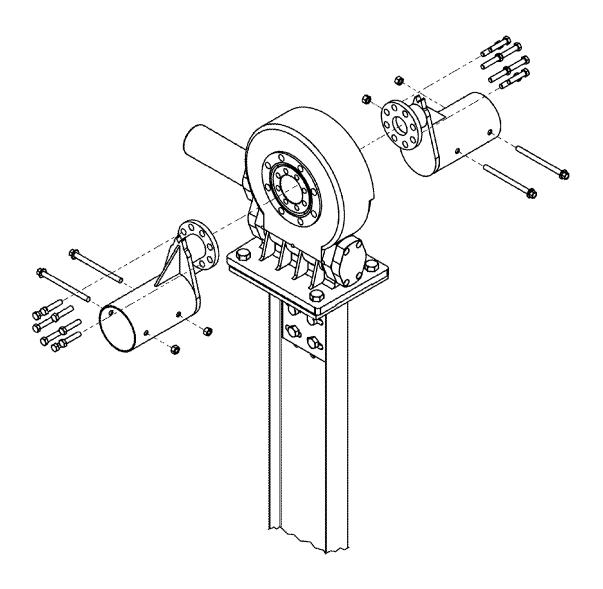


FIG. 18

Oct. 11, 2016

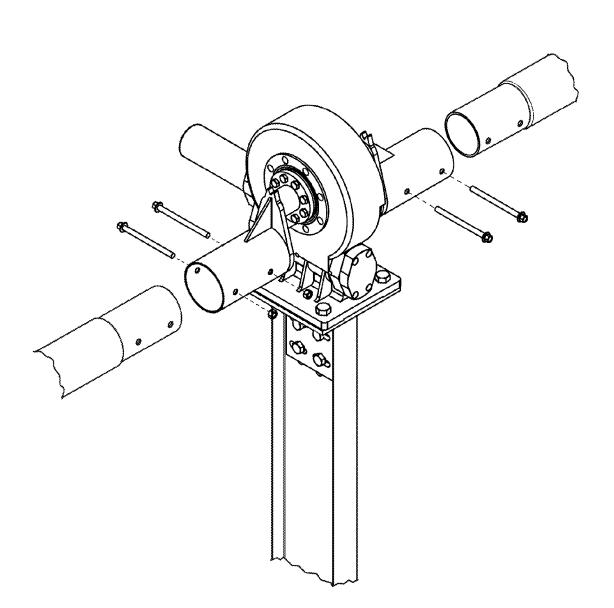
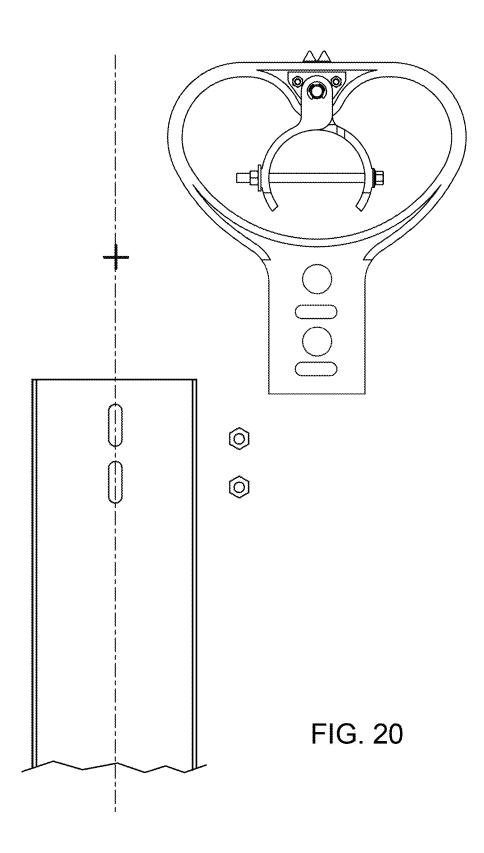
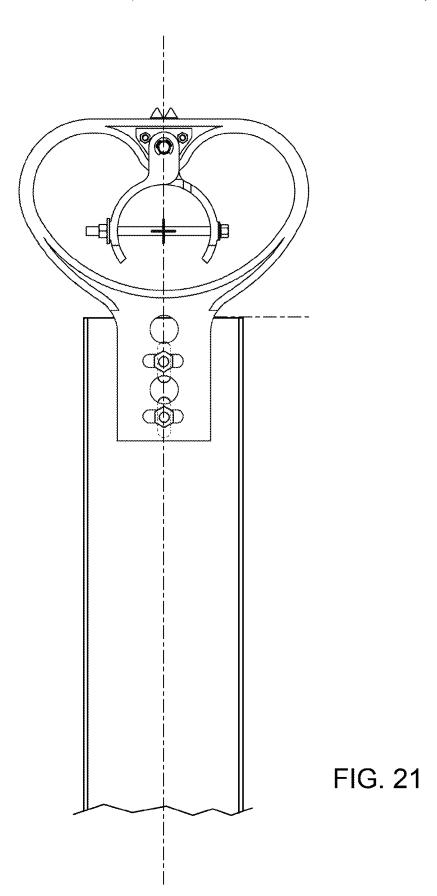


FIG. 19





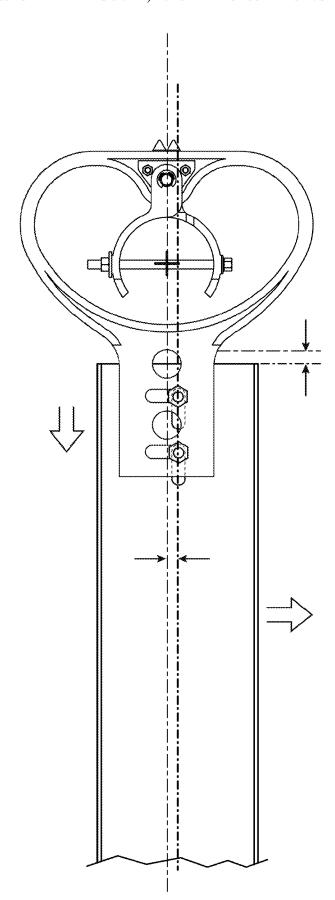
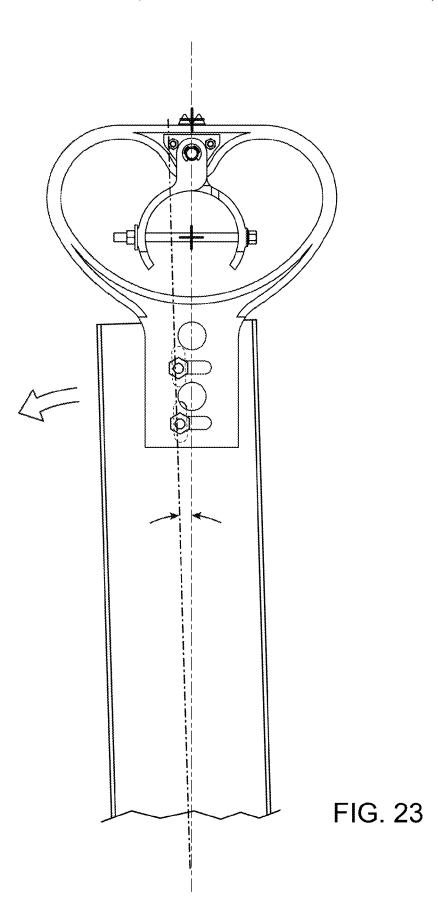
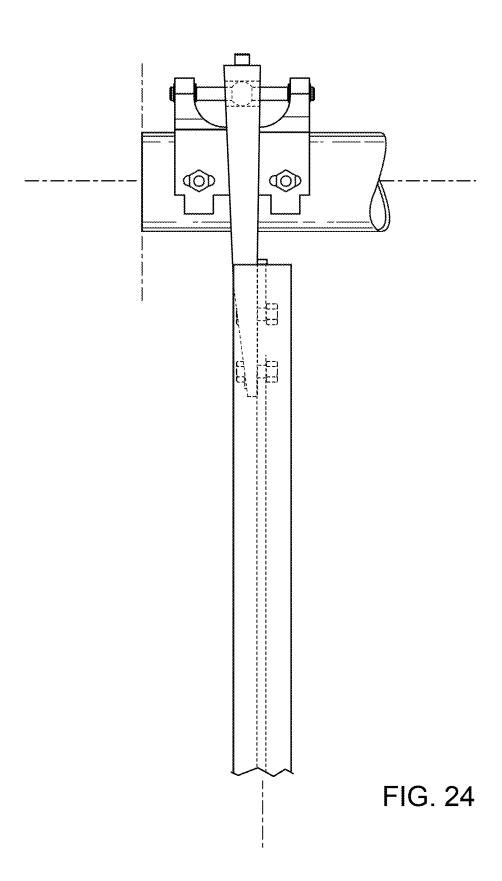
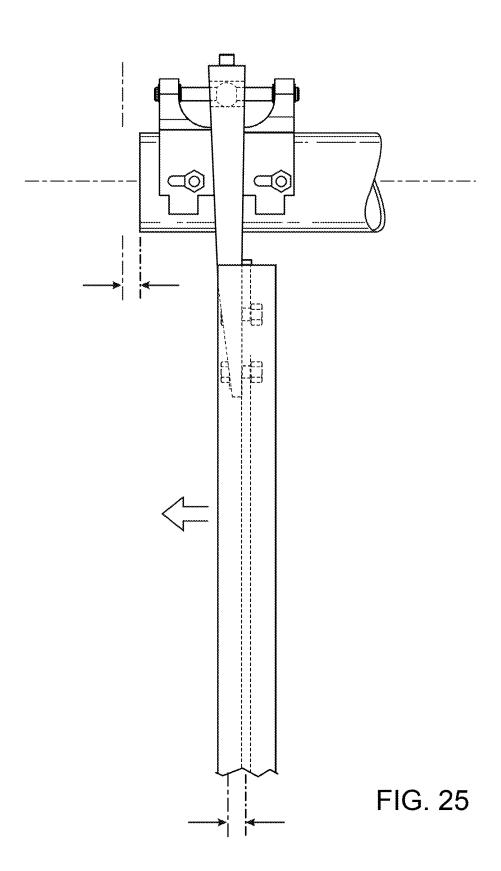
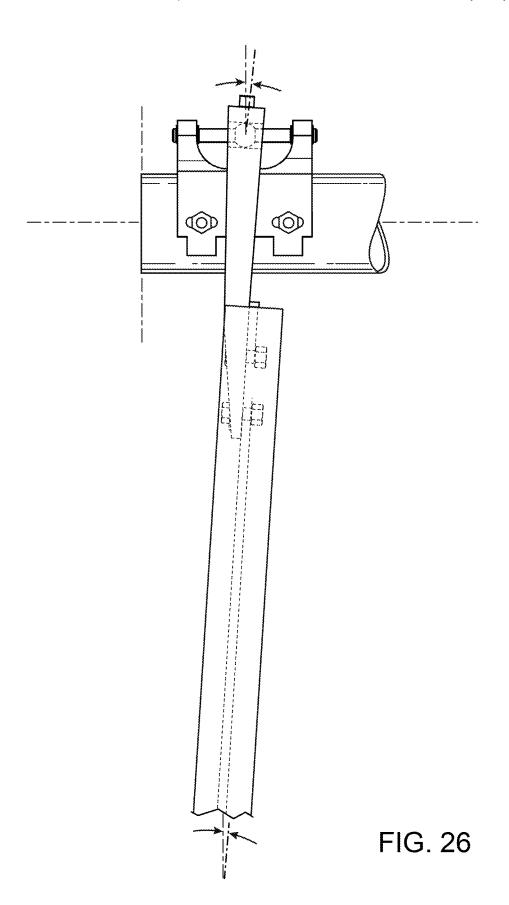


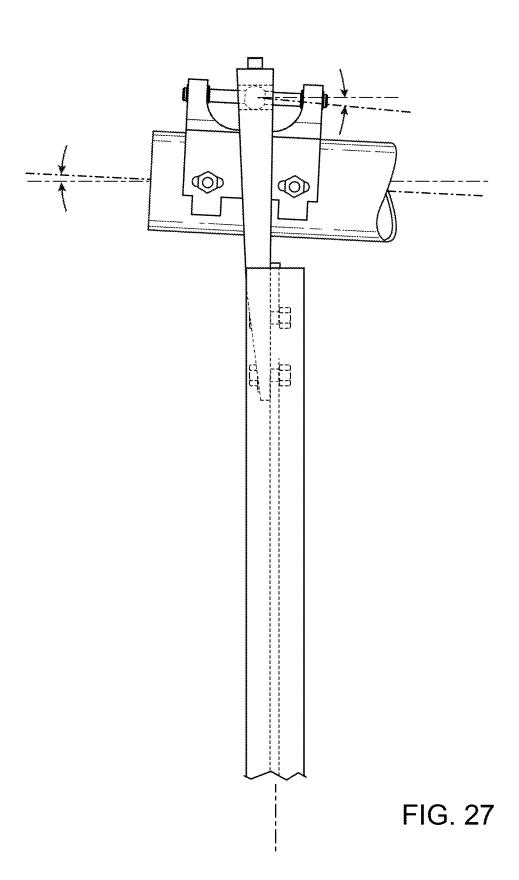
FIG. 22

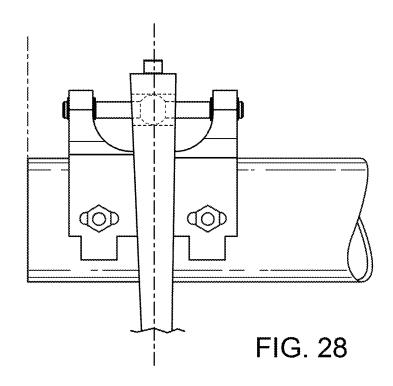


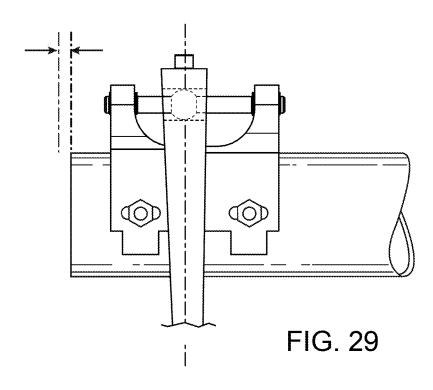












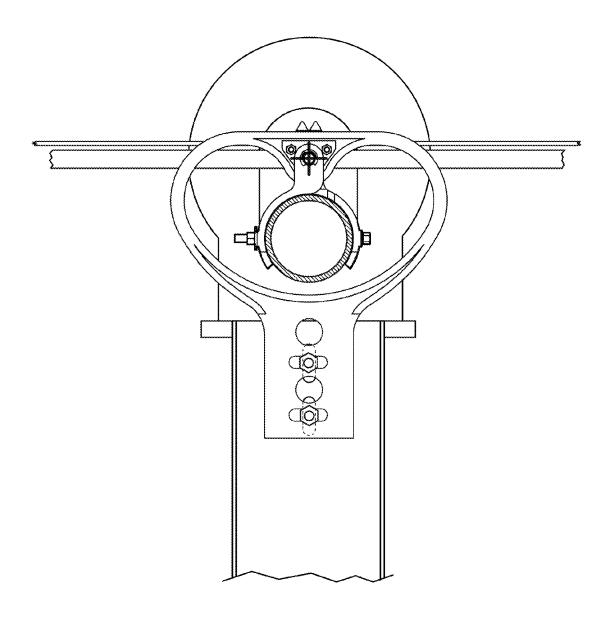


FIG. 30

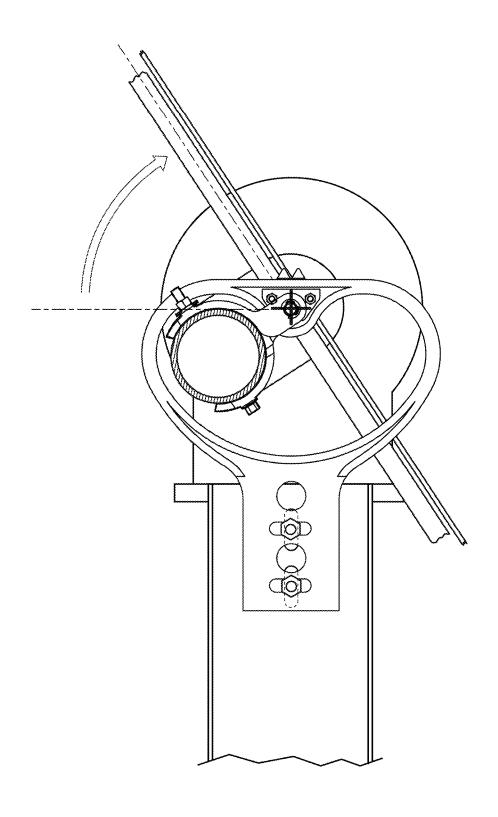


FIG. 31

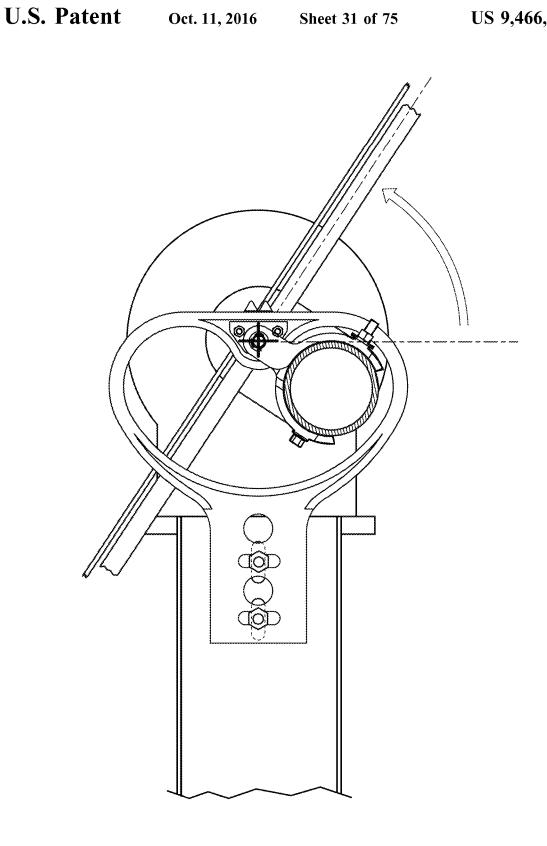
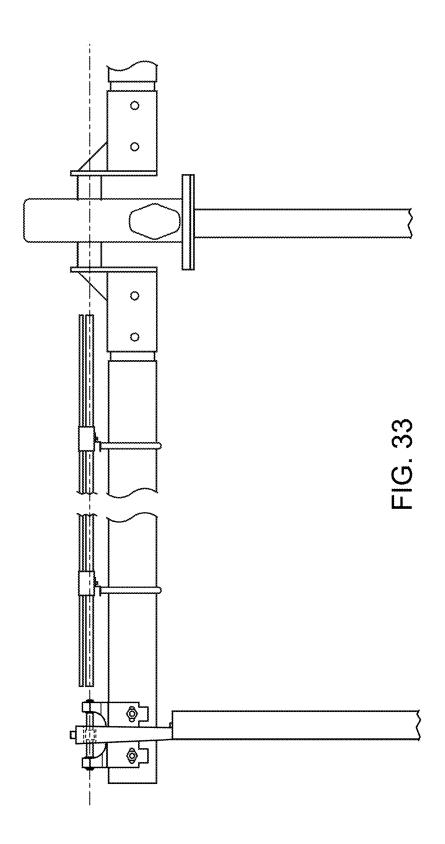
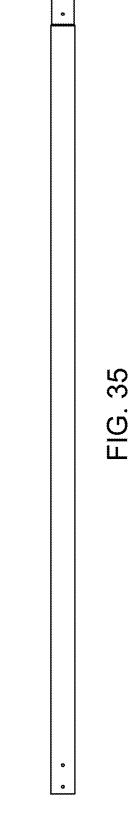
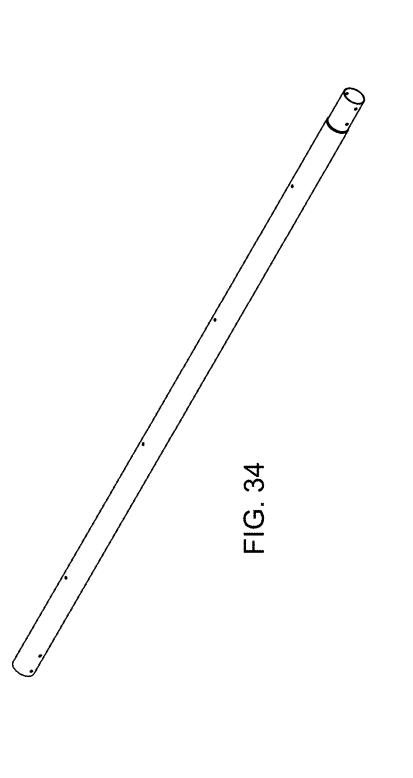


FIG. 32







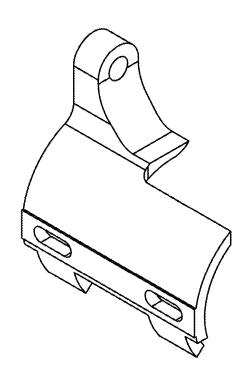
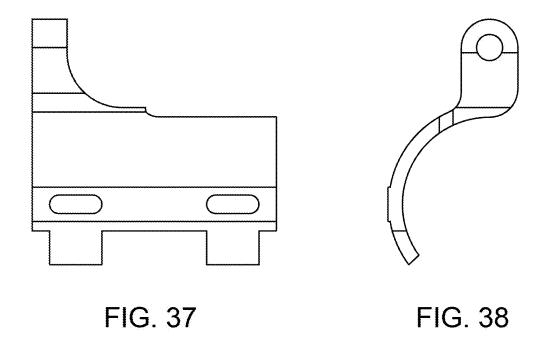


FIG. 36



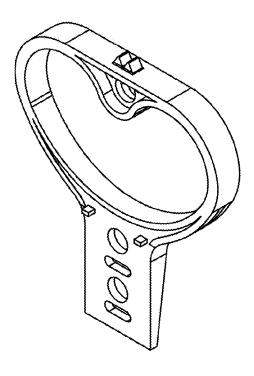


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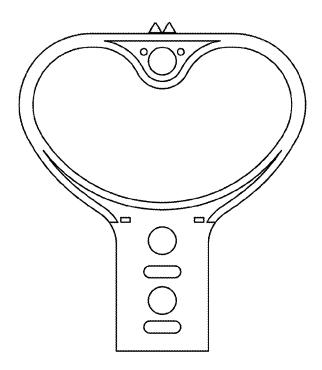


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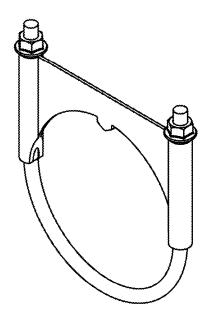


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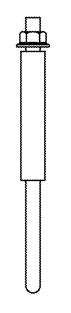


FIG. 43

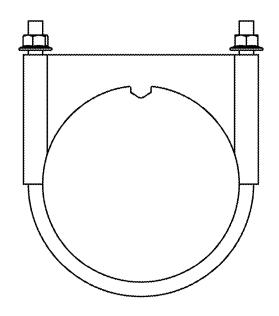
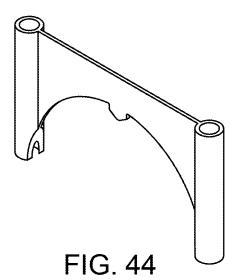
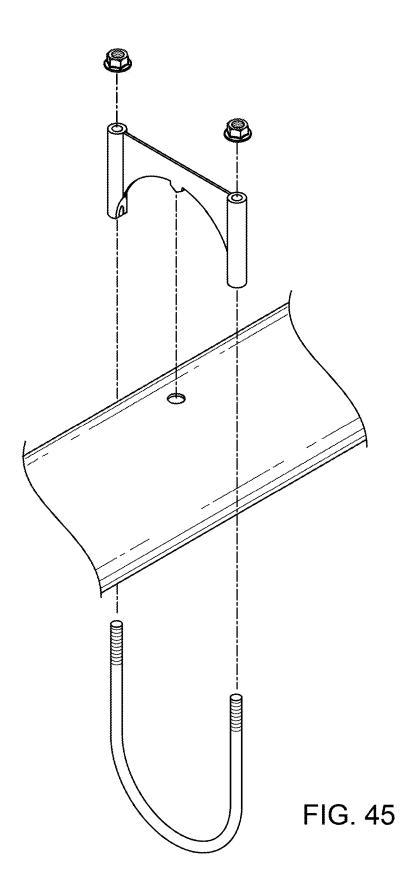


FIG. 42





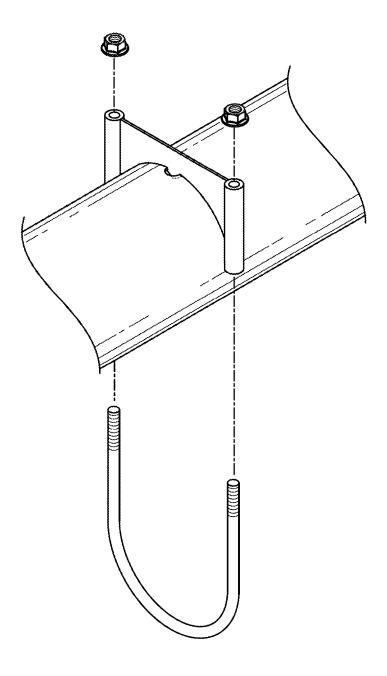


FIG. 46

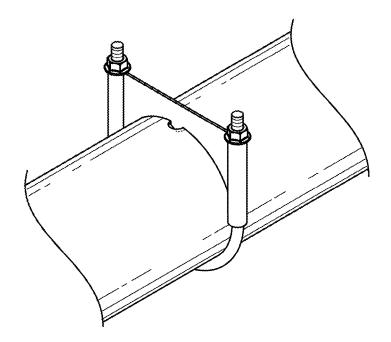
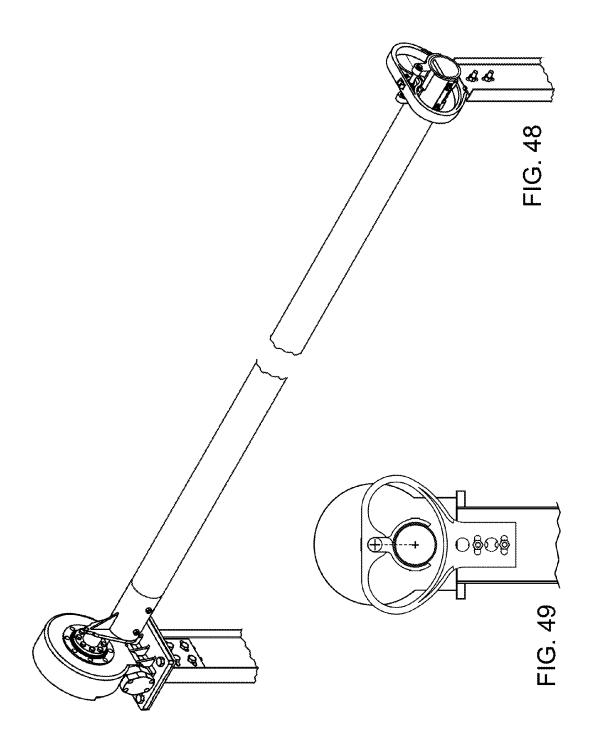
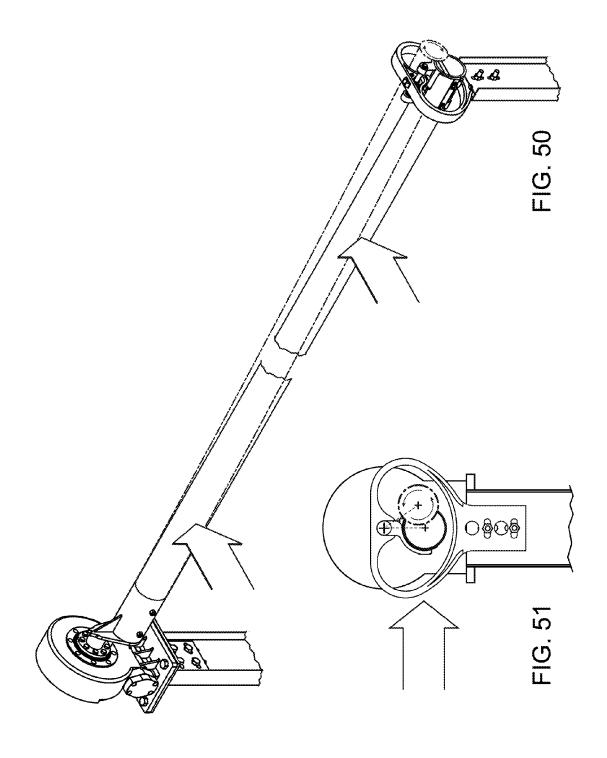
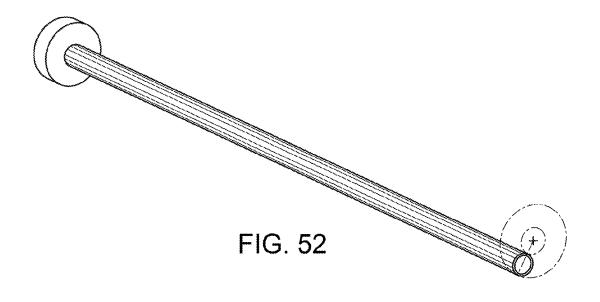


FIG. 47







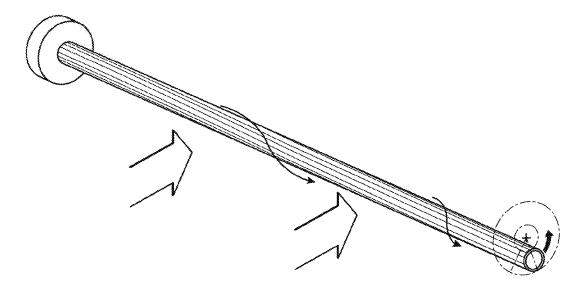
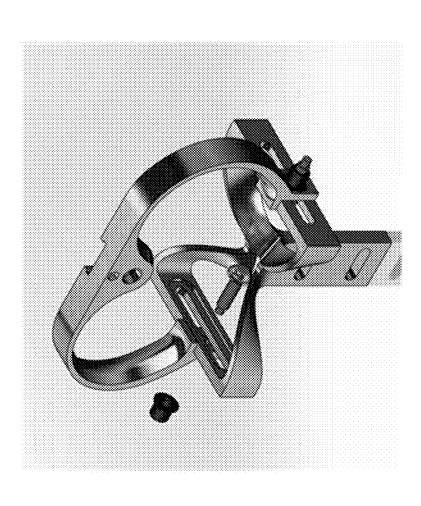


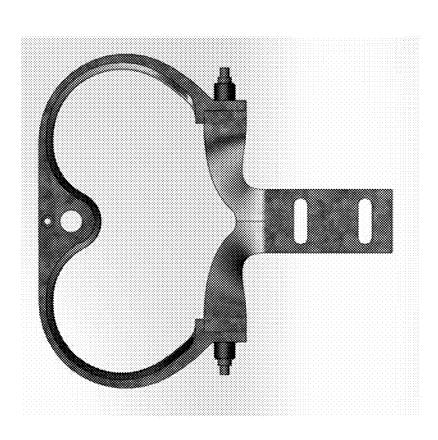
FIG. 53



Figure 55







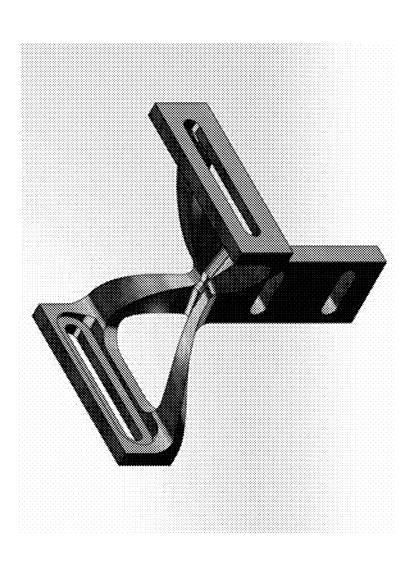


Figure 58

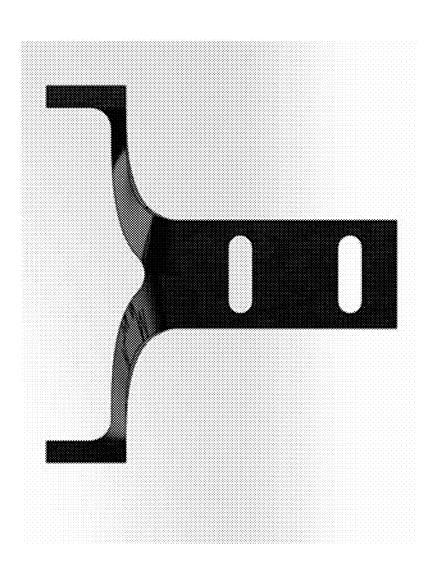




Figure 60

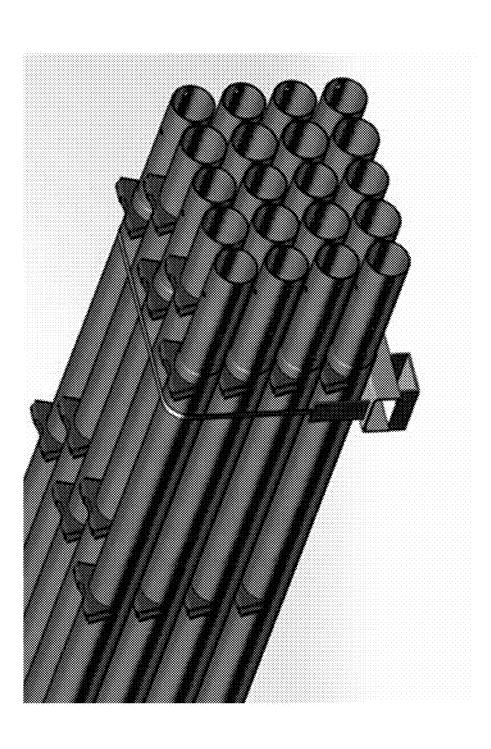


Figure 61

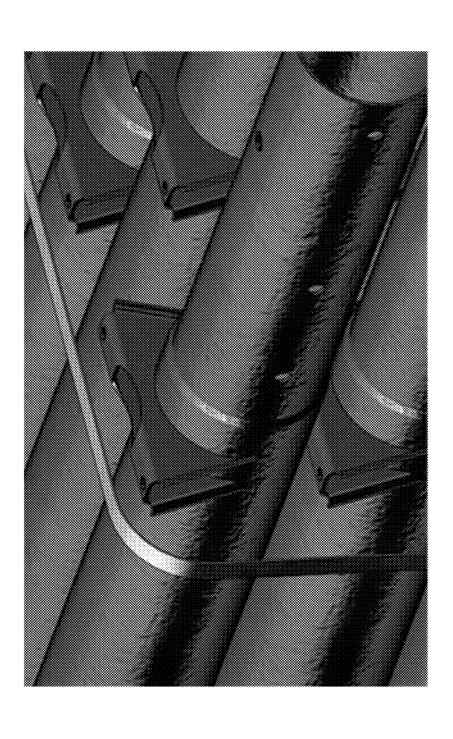
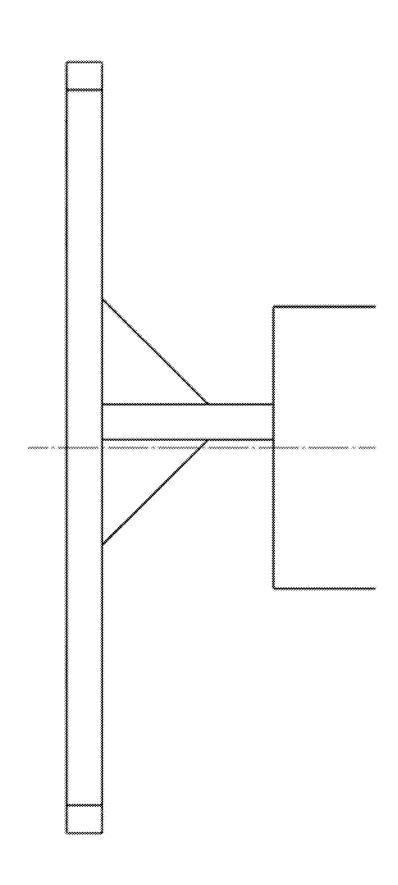
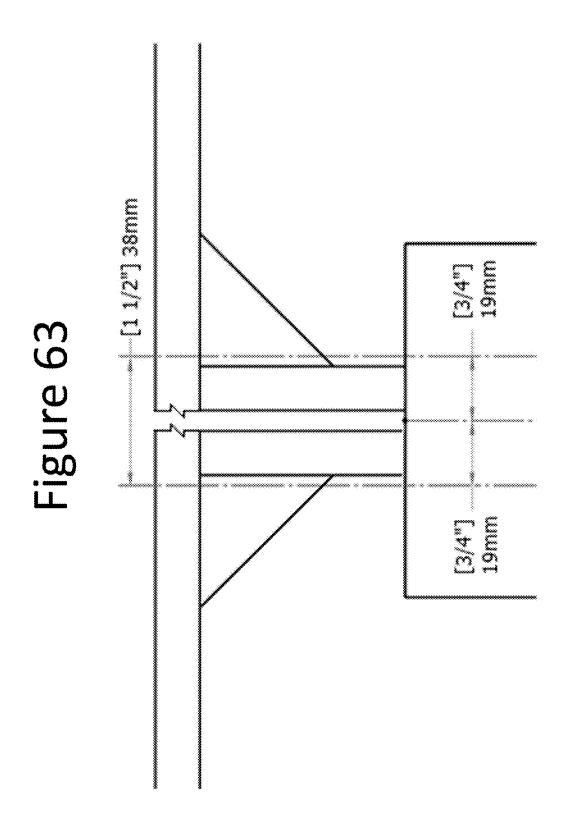


Figure 62





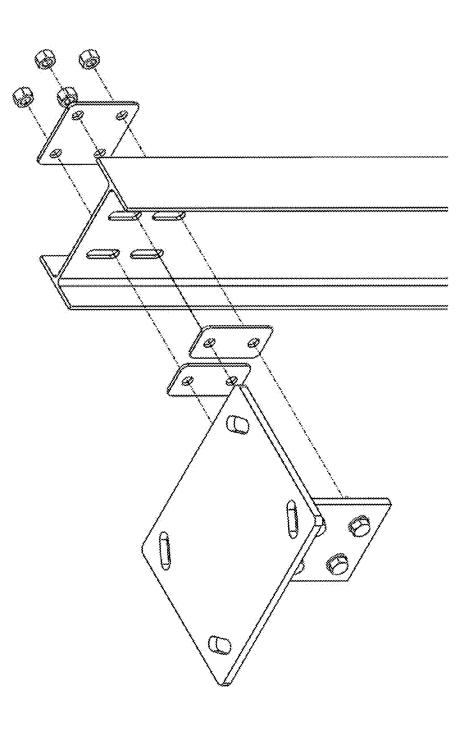
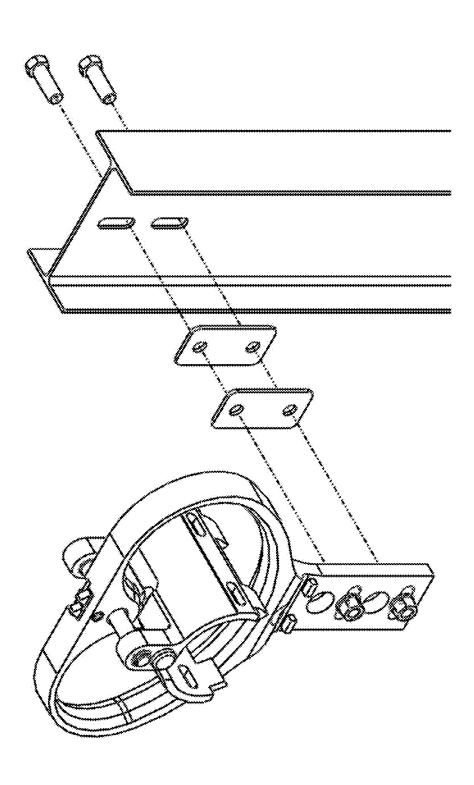
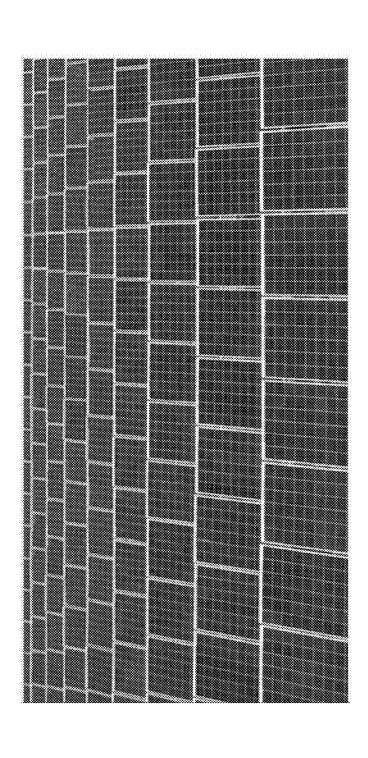
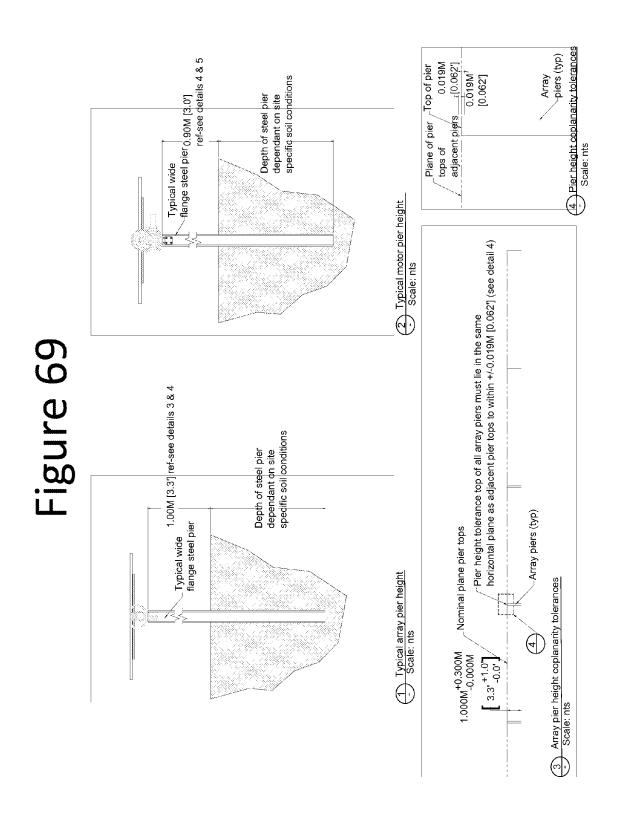


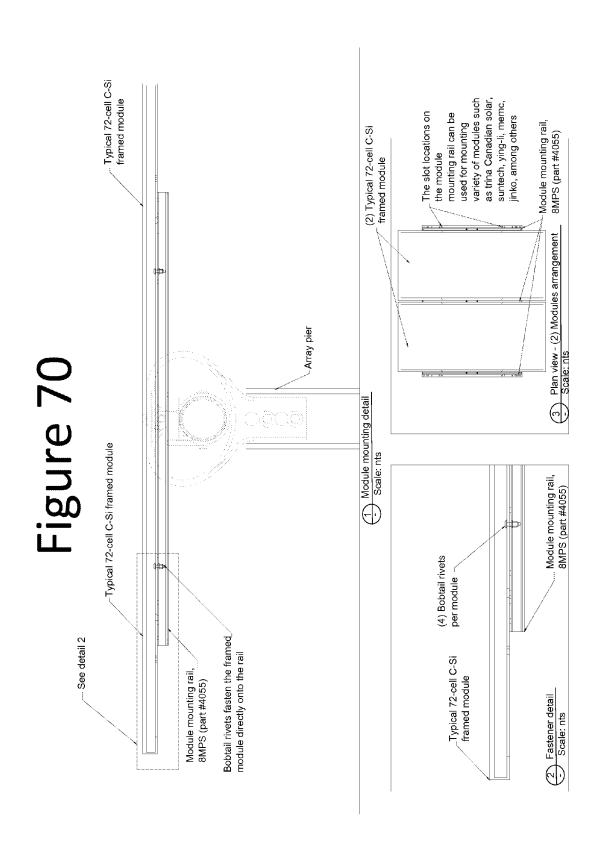
Figure 65

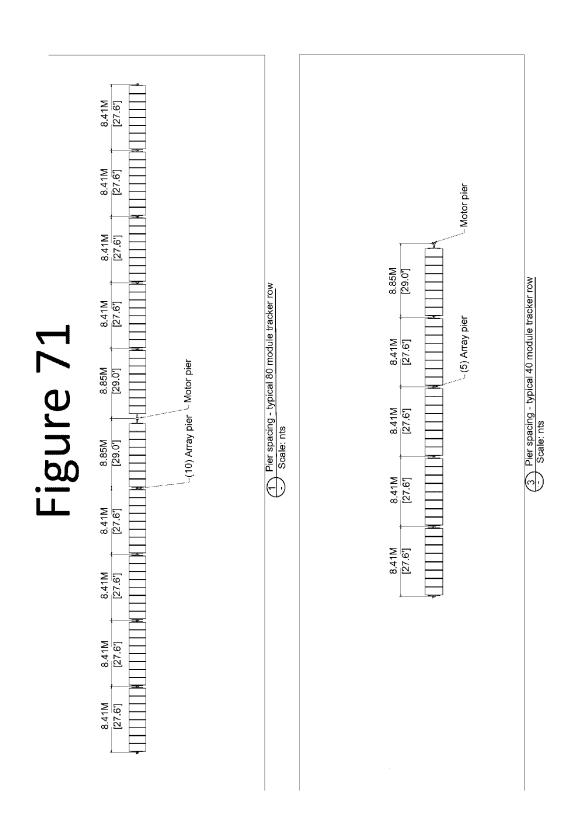




Typical distance between center of array piers 8.41M [27.61] Enlarged elevation view (5) Distance between edge of modules at motor pier Scale: nts Side elevation view see detail 2(A) & 2(B) see detail 3 Motor pier with slew gear/motor drive of motor pier to center of array pier located at center of motor pier (one drive per tracker row) (one motor per tracker row) 1.28 [4.2] Typical distance from center 3 Enlarged front elevation Scale: nts 8.85M [29] Motor piers (typ) Slew drive (part #5056/5045) Plan & front elevation - 80 module tracker row y (part #2008) 84.96M [278.7] (Distance from center of first pier to center of last pier) Typical gap between the modules Figure 68 Distance between edge of modules at array pier (one per tracker) Controller, Zigbee, 3-axis Inclinometer, 3M See detail 5 (one per three trackers) FRONT ELEVATION VIEW PLAN (TOP) VIEW 0.37M [[1.2] Scale: nts (2) Damper (part # 5020)/damper mounting subassembly (part #2008) (10) Typical 8 module bay See detail 4 Inclinometer, 3M mounted to motor Array piers (typ)-Scale: nts located at the motor pier (part # 5056) Controller, Zigbee, 3-axis (2(A)) Side elevation-array pier Scale: nts torque tube adapter 2.10M [6.9] 2.10M [6.9'] 1.00M [4.1] 1.24M 0.90M[4.1"] (10) Array pier ó.39M[1.3] [3.0] [3.3] (80) Typical 72-cell framed module 1.95M [6.4"] (Z(B))Side elevatirón-mo<u>tor</u> Soale: nts 0.39M [1.3] 009







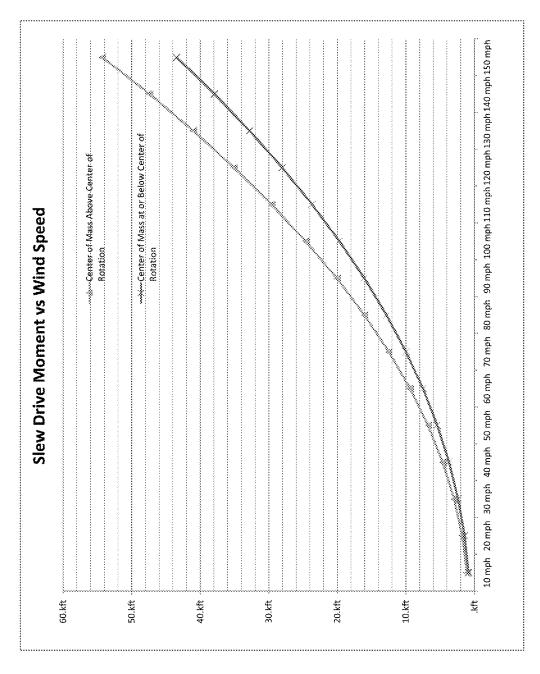
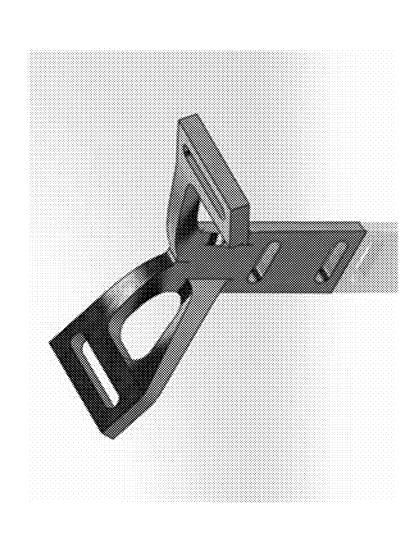
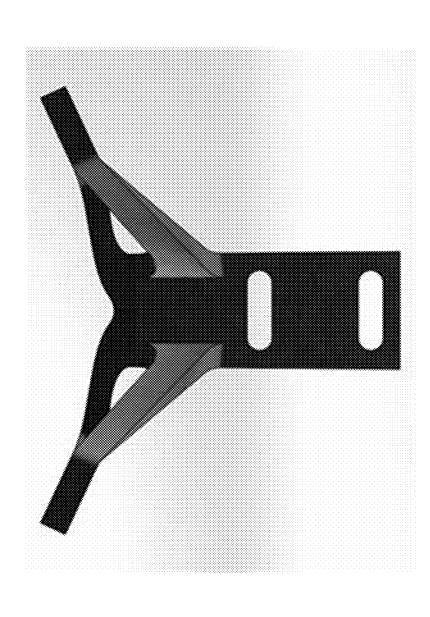


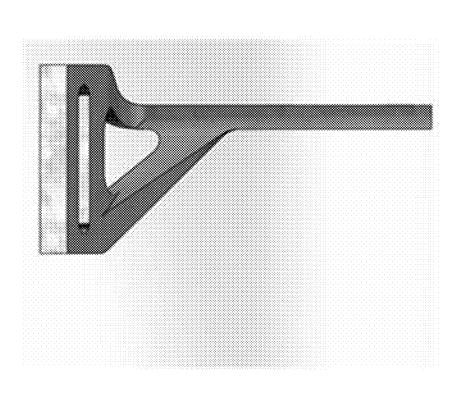
FIGURE 72

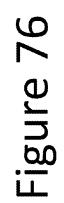


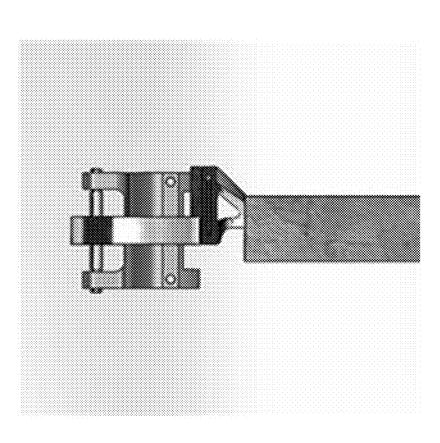




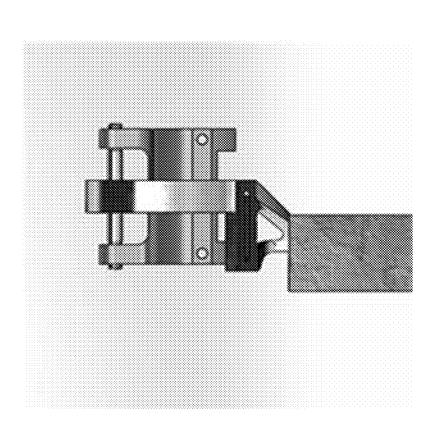


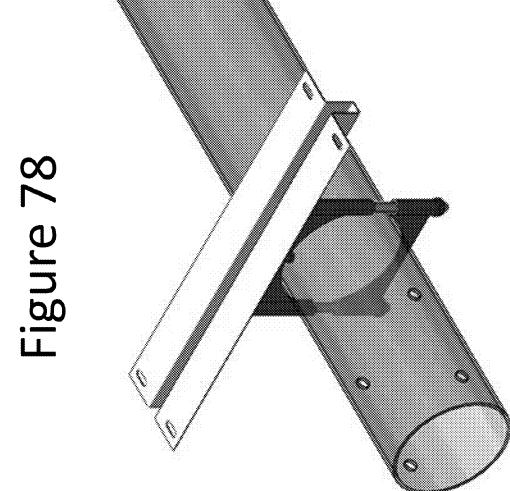


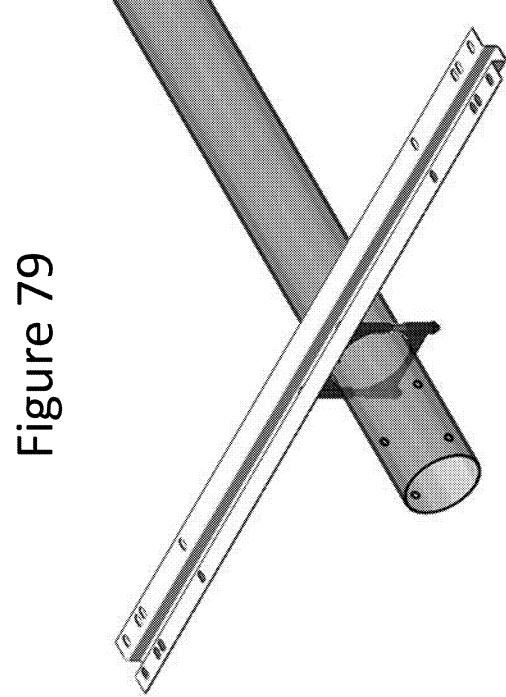




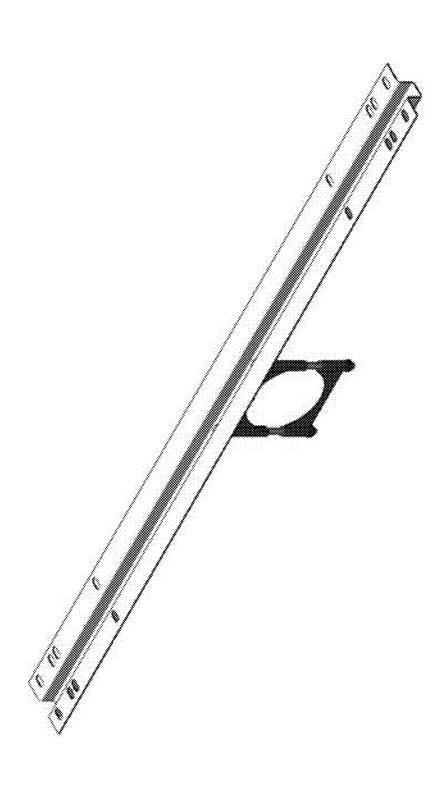




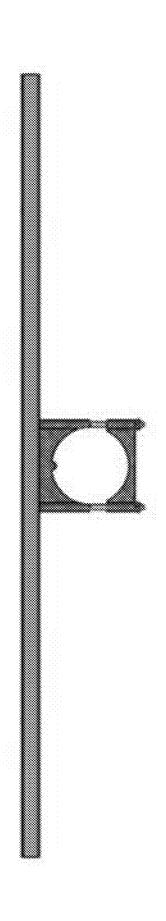




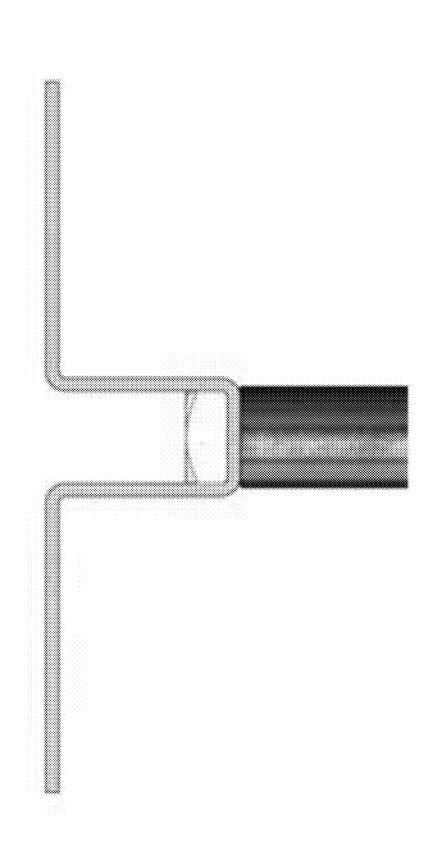




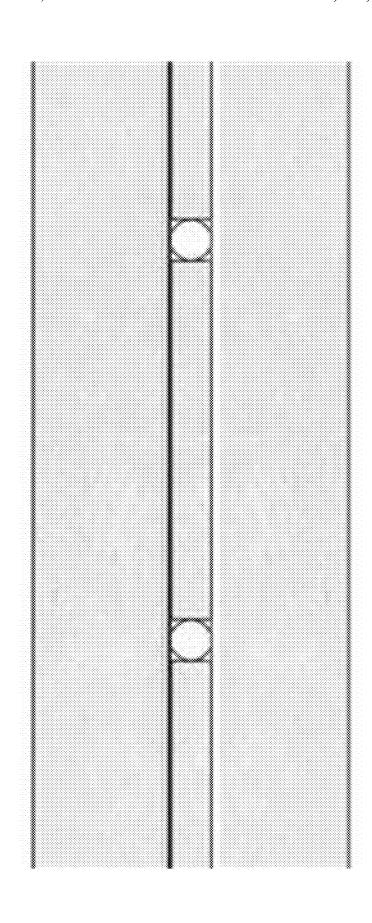












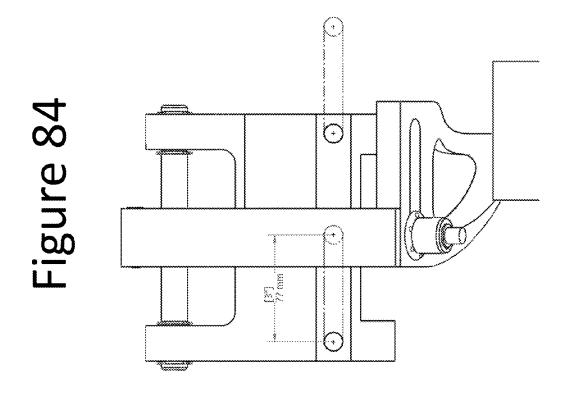


Figure 85

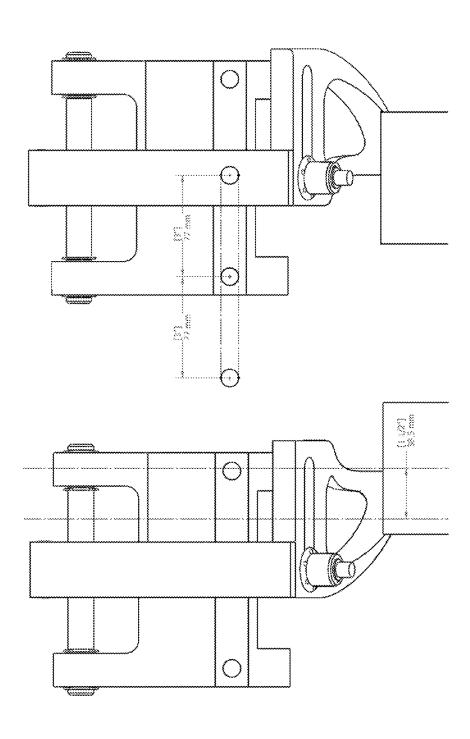
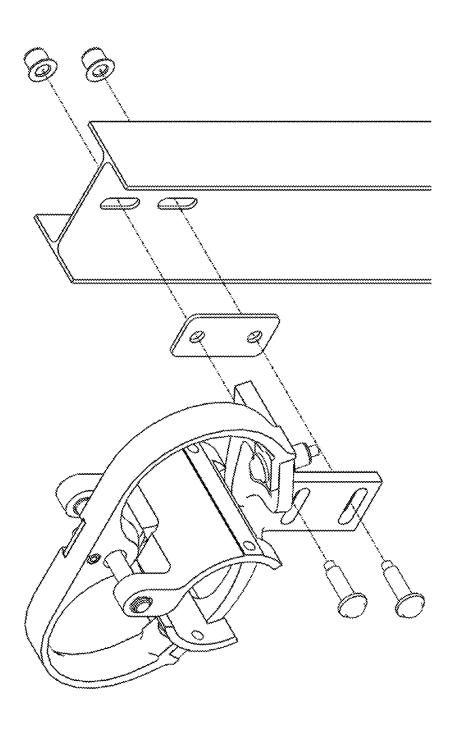


Figure 86



BALANCED SOLAR TRACKER CLAMP

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present invention is a continuation in part of U.S. Ser. No. 14/101,273 filed Dec. 9, 2013, which claims priority to non-provisional of U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/735, 537 filed Dec. 10, 2012, U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/780,955 filed Mar. 13, 2013 and U.S. Provisional Appli- 10 cation No. 61/780,947 filed Mar. 13, 2013, each of which is incorporated by reference herein for all purposes.

BACKGROUND

The present application relates generally to a tracking system for solar panels. More specifically, embodiments of the present invention provide tracking systems that are suitable for solar panels. In a specific embodiment, a tracking system according to the present invention is fully 20 adjustable in at each of the pillars, among other aspects. There are other embodiments as well.

As the population of the world increases, industrial expansion has lead to an equally large consumption of energy. Energy often comes from fossil fuels, including coal 25 and oil, hydroelectric plants, nuclear sources, and others. As an example, the International Energy Agency projects further increases in oil consumption, with developing nations such as China and India accounting for most of the increase. Almost every element of our daily lives depends, in part, on 30 oil, which is becoming increasingly scarce. As time further progresses, an era of "cheap" and plentiful oil is coming to an end. Accordingly, other and alternative sources of energy have been developed.

Concurrent with oil, we have also relied upon other very 35 useful sources of energy such as hydroelectric, nuclear, and the like to provide our electricity needs. As an example, most of our conventional electricity requirements for home and business use come from turbines run on coal or other forms of fossil fuel, nuclear power generation plants, and hydro- 40 electric plants, as well as other forms of renewable energy. Often times, home and business use of electrical power has been stable and widespread.

Most importantly, much if not all of the useful energy found on the Earth comes from our sun. Generally all 45 common plant life on the Earth achieves life using photosynthesis processes from sun light. Fossil fuels such as oil were also developed from biological materials derived from energy associated with the sun. For human beings including "sun worshipers," sunlight has been essential. For life on the 50 ules according to an embodiment of the present invention. planet Earth, the sun has been our most important energy source and fuel for modern day solar energy.

Solar energy possesses many characteristics that are very desirable! Solar energy is renewable, clean, abundant, and often widespread. Certain technologies have been developed 55 to capture solar energy, concentrate it, store it, and convert it into other useful forms of energy.

Solar panels have been developed to convert sunlight into energy. As an example, solar thermal panels often convert electromagnetic radiation from the sun into thermal energy 60 for heating homes, running certain industrial processes, or driving high grade turbines to generate electricity. As another example, solar photovoltaic panels convert sunlight directly into electricity for a variety of applications. Solar panels are generally composed of an array of solar cells, 65 which are interconnected to each other. The cells are often arranged in series and/or parallel groups of cells in series.

2

Accordingly, solar panels have great potential to benefit our nation, security, and human users. They can even diversify our energy requirements and reduce the world's dependence on oil and other potentially detrimental sources of energy.

Although solar panels have been used successfully for certain applications, there are still limitations. Often, solar panels are unable to convert energy at their full potential due to the fact that the sun is often at an angle that is not optimum for the solar cells to receive solar energy. In the past, various types of conventional solar tracking mechanisms have been developed. Unfortunately, conventional solar tracking techniques are often inadequate. These and other limitations are described throughout the present specification, and may be described in more detail below.

From the above, it is seen that techniques for improving solar systems are highly desirable.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present application relates generally to a tracking system for solar panels. More specifically, embodiments of the present invention provide tracking systems that are suitable for solar panels. In a specific embodiment, a tracking system according to the present invention is fully adjustable in at each of the pillars, among other aspects. There are other embodiments as well.

In an example, the present invention provides a solar tracker apparatus. In an example, the apparatus comprises a center of mass with an adjustable hanger assembly configured with a clam shell clamp assembly on the adjustable hanger assembly and a cylindrical torque tube comprising a plurality of torque tubes configured together in a continuous length from a first end to a second end such that the center of mass is aligned with a center of rotation of the cylindrical torque tubes to reduce a load of a drive motor operably coupled to the cylindrical torque tube. Further details of the present example, among others, can be found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

Various additional objects, features and advantages of the present invention can be more fully appreciated with reference to the detailed description and accompanying drawings that follow.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a simplified perspective view of a horizontal tracker apparatus configured with a plurality of solar mod-

FIGS. 2 through 7 illustrate a method of assembling the horizontal tracker apparatus of FIG. 1.

FIG. 8 is a simplified perspective view of a pair of horizontal tracker apparatus configured together with a plurality of solar panels according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 9 is a simplified diagram of a plurality of horizontal tracker apparatus configured together according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 10 is a simplified diagram of an array of a plurality of horizontal tracker apparatus configured together according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 11 is a simplified diagram of a clamp assembly for the horizontal tracker of FIG. 1 according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIGS. 12 through 14 are simplified diagrams illustrating a method for assembling the clamp assembly of FIG. 11.

FIG. 15 is a simplified perspective diagram of a drive assembly configured on a pier member according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. **16** through **19** are simplified diagrams illustrating a method for assembling the drive assembly of FIG. **15**.

FIG. 20 is a simplified in-line view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly separate and apart from a pier member according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 21 is a simplified in-line view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 22 is a simplified in-line view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a first orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. 15

FIG. 23 is a simplified in-line view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a second orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. **24** is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a 20 clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a first orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. **25** is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a second orientation according to an embodiment of the present ²⁵ invention.

FIG. 26 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a third orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 27 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a fourth orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 28 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a fifth orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. **29** is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a sixth orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. ₄₀

FIGS. **30** through **32** illustrate an in-line view of the clamp assembly and the drive assembly in multiple configurations according to embodiments of the present invention.

FIG. 33 is a side view diagram of the tracker apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. **34** and **35** are simplified side view diagrams of a torque tube according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. 36, 37, and 38 are simplified perspective-view, side view, and front view diagrams of a clamp member according 50 to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. **39** and **40** are simplified perspective-view and side view diagrams of a clamp housing according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. **41**, **42**, **43**, and **44** are simplified diagrams of 55 component(s) for a U-bolt member according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. **45**, **46**, and **47** are simplified diagrams illustrating a method of configuring a U-bolt member to a torque tube according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. **48** and **49** illustrate various views of a tracker apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. **50** and **51** illustrate views of a tracker apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

FIGS. **52** and **53** illustrate an illustration of a torque tube according to an embodiment of the present invention.

4

FIG. **54** is a perspective diagram of a clamp housing and support member according to an example of the present invention.

FIG. 55 is a perspective diagram of a clamp housing and support member according to an example of the present invention.

FIG. **56** is a front-view diagram of the clamp housing and support member according to an example of the present invention.

FIGS. **57** and **58** illustrate a perspective view and a front view of the support member according to an example of the present invention.

FIG. 59 illustrate a perspective view of the clamp housing according to an example of the present invention.

FIG. **60** is an illustration of a plurality of torque tubes configured in a stack for transportation in an example.

FIG. 61 is a more detailed illustration of a U-bolt and clamp having a recessed region for stacking in the stack of the prior Figure.

FIGS. **62**, **63**, and **64** illustrate various views of the drive device support member according to an example of the present invention.

FIGS. **65** and **66** illustrate various views of a clamp assembly according to an example of the present invention.

FIGS. 67 through 71 illustrate various view of a horizontal tracker configured with a plurality of solar panels in a portrait view according to examples of the present invention.

FIG. 72 is a simplified plot illustrating a force plotted against a wind speed in an example of the present invention.

FIGS. 73, 74, and 75 illustrate a support member in a perspective, front, and side view diagrams according to examples of the present invention.

FIGS. **76** and **77** are simplified side-view diagrams of the support and clamp assembly from a first side view and a second side view.

FIGS. 78 through 83 are various simplified illustrations of a frame, torque tube, and clamp assembly according to embodiments of the present invention.

FIG. **84** is a simplified diagram of a clamp assembly with support in a first position configured in a portion of the elongated slot in the support member.

FIG. **85** is a simplified diagram of a clamp assembly with support in a first position configured in a first portion of the elongated slot in the support member, and a second position configured in a second portion of the elongated slot of the support member.

FIG. **86** is an expanded view of the clamp assembly configured to the support member according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SPECIFIC EMBODIMENTS

The present application relates generally to a tracking system for solar panels. More specifically, embodiments of the present invention provide tracking systems that are suitable for solar panels. In a specific embodiment, a tracking system according to the present invention is fully adjustable in at each of the pillars, among other aspects. There are other embodiments as well.

In a specific embodiment, the present invention provides a tracker apparatus for solar modules. The tracker apparatus has a first pier comprising a first pivot device and a second pier comprising a drive mount. The drive mount is capable for construction tolerances in at least three-axis, and is configured to a drive device. The drive device has an off-set clamp device coupled to a cylindrical bearing device 22 3, 100,7 13 =

coupled to a clamp member. The apparatus has a cylindrical torque tube operably disposed on the first pier and the second pier. The cylindrical torque tube comprises a first end and a second end, and a notch. The notch is one of a plurality of notches spatially disposed along a length of the cylindrical torque tube. The apparatus has a clamp configured around an annular portion of the cylindrical torque tube and mate with the notch to prevent movement of the clamp. The clamp comprises a support region configured to support a portion of a solar module.

5

In an alternative embodiment, the present invention provides an alternative solar tracker apparatus. The apparatus has a drive device, a crank coupled to the drive device and configured in an offset manner to a frame assembly. The frame assembly is coupled to a plurality of solar modules.

In an example, the apparatus has a continuous torque tube spatially disposed from a first region to a second region. The crank comprises a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device. The crank comprises a first crank coupled 20 to a first side of the drive device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device; and further comprises a first torque tube coupled to the first crank and a second torque tube coupled to the second crank. The crank comprises a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive device 25 angle. and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device; and further comprises a first torque tube coupled to the first crank and a second torque tube coupled to the second crank, and further comprises a first swage fitting coupling the first crank to the first torque tube and a second 30 swage fitting coupling the second crank to the second torque tube. The apparatus also has a pier coupled to the drive device. In an example, the apparatus also has a drive mount coupled to a pier.

In an alternative embodiment, the present invention provides an alternative solar tracker apparatus. The apparatus has a center of mass with an adjustable hanger assembly configured with a clam shell clamp assembly on the adjustable hanger assembly and a cylindrical torque tube comprising a plurality of torque tubes configured together in a 40 continuous length from a first end to a second end such that the center of mass is aligned with a center of rotation of the cylindrical torque tubes to reduce a load of a drive motor operably coupled to the cylindrical torque tube.

In an example, the drive motor is operable to move the 45 torque tube about the center of rotation and is substantially free from a load. The center of rotation is offset from a center of the cylindrical torque tube.

In an alternative embodiment, the present invention provides a solar tracker apparatus. The apparatus has a clamp 50 housing member configured in an upright direction. The clamp housing member comprises a lower region and an upper region. The lower region is coupled to a pier structure, and the upper region comprises a spherical bearing device. The upright direction is away from a direction of gravity. 55 The apparatus has a clam shell clamp member coupled to the cylindrical bearing and a torque tube coupled to the spherical bearing to support the torque tube from the upper region of the clamp housing member. The torque tube is configured from an off-set position from a center region of rotation. 60

In an example, the apparatus is configured substantially free from any welds during assembly. Reduced welding lowers cost, improves installation time, avoids errors in installation, improves manufacturability, and reduces component count through standardized parts. The torque tube is 65 coupled to another torque tube via a swage device within a vicinity of the clam shall clamp member. In an example, the

connection is low cost, and provides for strong axial and torsional loading. The apparatus is quick to install with the pokey-yoke design. The torque tube is coupled to an elastomeric damper in line to dampen torque movement to be substantially free from formation of a harmonic waveform along any portion of a plurality of solar panels configured to the torque tube. The apparatus also has a locking damper or rigid structure to configure a solar panel coupled to the torque tube in a fixed tilt position to prevent damage to stopper and lock into a foundation-in a position that is substantially free from fluttering in an environment with high movement of air. The apparatus further comprises a controller apparatus configured in an inserter box provided in an underground region to protect the controller apparatus. The apparatus has a drive device to linearly actuate the torque tube. In an example, the apparatus uses an electrical connection coupled to a drive device. In an example, the spherical bearing allows for a construction tolerance, tracker movement, and acts as a bonding path of least resistance taking an electrical current to ground. The apparatus can be one of a plurality of tracker apparatus configured in an array within a geographic region. Each of the plurality of tracker apparatus is driven independently of each other to cause each row to stow independently at a different or similar

Still further, the present invention provides a tracker apparatus comprising a clam shell apparatus, which has a first member operably coupled to a second member to hold a torque tube in place.

In an example, the apparatus also has a clamp housing operably coupled to the clam shell apparatus via a spherical bearing device such that the spherical bearing comprises an axis of rotation. The axis of rotation is different from a center of the torque tube. The apparatus further comprises a solar module coupled to the torque tube.

In an example, the invention provides a tracker apparatus comprising a plurality of torque tubes comprising a first torque tube coupled to a second torque tube coupled to an Nth torque tube, whereupon N is an integer greater than 2. Each pair of torque tubes is coupled to each other free from any welds.

In an example, each pair of torque tubes is swaged fitted together. Each of the torque tubes is cylindrical in shape. Each of the plurality of torque tubes is characterized by a length greater than 80 meters. Each of the torque tubes comprises a plurality of notches. In an example, the apparatus also has a plurality of U-bolt devices coupled respectively to the plurality of notches. Each of the plurality of torque tubes are made of steel.

In an alternative embodiment, the present invention provides a tracker apparatus having a pier member comprising a lower region and an upper region. A clamp holding member is configured to the upper region and is capable of moving in at least a first direction, a second direction opposite to the first direction, a third direction normal to the first direction and the second direction, a fourth direction opposite of the third direction, a fifth direction normal to the first direction, the second direction, the third direction, and the fourth direction, and a sixth direction opposite of the fifth direction.

In yet an alternative embodiment, the present invention provides a solar tracker apparatus. The apparatus has a clamp housing member configured in an upright direction. The clamp housing member comprises a lower region and an upper region. The lower region is coupled to a pier structure. The upper region comprises a spherical bearing device. The upright direction is away from a direction of gravity. The

apparatus has a clam shell clamp member coupled to the cylindrical bearing and the clam shell clamp being suspended from the cylindrical bearing. In an example, the apparatus has a torque tube comprising a first end and a second end. The first end is coupled to the spherical bearing 5 to support the torque tube from the upper region of the clamp housing member. The torque tube is configured from an off-set position from a center region of rotation. The apparatus has a drive device coupled to the second end such that the drive device and the torque tube are configured to be 10 substantially free from a twisting action while under a load, e.g., rotation, wind, other internal or external forces. Further details of the present examples can be found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

FIG. 1 is a simplified perspective view of a horizontal 15 tracker apparatus configured with a plurality of solar modules according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the present invention provides a tracker apparatus for solar modules. In an example, the solar modules can be a silicon based solar module, a polysilicon based solar 20 module, a concentrated solar module, or a thin film solar module, including cadmium telluride (CdTe), copper indium gallium selenide (CuIn1-xGaxSe2 or CIGS), which is a direct bandgap semiconductor useful for the manufacture of solar cells, among others. As shown, each of the solar panels 25 can be arranged in pairs, which form an array. Of course, there can be other variations. In an example, the first pier and the second pier are provided on a sloped surface, an irregular surface, or a flat surface. The first pier and the second pier are two of a plurality of piers provided for the apparatus. In 30 example, the apparatus has a solar module configured in a hanging position or a supporting position.

The tracker apparatus has a first pier comprising a first pivot device and a second pier comprising a drive mount. In an example, the first pier is made of a solid or patterned 35 metal structure, such as a wide beam flange or the like, as shown. In an example, each of the piers is inserted into the ground, and sealed, using cement or other attachment material. Each pier is provided in generally an upright position and in the direction of gravity, although there can be 40 drical torque tube and operably disposing on the first pier variations. In an example, each of the piers is spatially spaced along a region of the ground, which may be flat or along a hillside or other structure, according to an embodiment. In an example, the first pillar comprises a wide flange beam. In an example, the first pillar and the second pillar can 45 be off-set and reconfigurable.

In an example, the drive mount is capable for construction tolerances in at least three-axis, and is configured to a drive device. The drive device has an off-set clamp device coupled to a cylindrical bearing device coupled to a clamp member. 50

In an example, the apparatus has a cylindrical torque tube operably disposed on the first pier and the second pier. In an example, the cylindrical torque tube comprises a one to ten inch diameter pipe made of Hollow Structure Steel (HSS) steel. The cylindrical torque tube comprises a first end and 55 a second end, and a notch. The notch is one of a plurality of notches spatially disposed along a length of the cylindrical torque tube.

In an example, the apparatus has a clamp configured around an annular portion of the cylindrical torque tube and 60 mate with the notch to prevent movement of the clamp. The clamp comprises a support region configured to support a portion of a solar module. The clamp comprises a pin configured with the notch. The apparatus also has a rail configured to the clamp. The rail comprises a thread region 65 configured to hold a bolt, which is adapted to screw into the thread and bottom out against a portion of cylindrical torque

tube such that the clamp is desirably torqued against the cylindrical torque tube. The apparatus has a solar module attached to the rail or other attachment device-shared module claim or other devices. The cylindrical torque tube is one of a plurality of torque tubes configured in as a continuous structure and extends in length for 80 to 200 meters. Each pair of torque tubes is swage fitted together, and bolted for the configuration.

In an example, the apparatus also has a center of mass of along an axial direction is matched with a pivot point of the drive device. The pivot point of the drive device is fixed in three dimensions while rotating along the center of mass. In an example, the off-set clamp comprises a crank device. The first pivot device comprises a spherical bearing configured a clam-shell clamp device to secure the first end to the cylindrical torque tube. In other examples, the drive device comprises a slew gear. The apparatus also has an overrun device configured with the first pivot device. The overrun device comprises a mechanical stop to allow the cylindrical torque tube to rotate about a desired range. Further details of the present tracker apparatus can be found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

FIGS. 2 through 7 illustrate a method of assembling the horizontal tracker apparatus of FIG. 1. As shown, the method includes disposing a first pier into a first ground structure. The method also includes disposing a second pier into a second ground structure. Each of the piers is one of a plurality of piers to be spatially disposed along a ground structure for one row of solar modules configured to a tracker apparatus.

In an example, the method includes configuring a first pivot device on the first pier.

In an example, the method includes configuring a drive mount on the second pier. In an example, the drive mount is capable for construction tolerances in at least three-axis. In an example, the drive mount is configured to a drive device having an off-set clamp device coupled to a cylindrical bearing device coupled to a clamp member.

In an example, the method includes assembling a cylinand the second pier cylindrical torque tube. The cylindrical torque tube comprises a first end and a second end, and a notch. In an example, the notch is one of a plurality of notches spatially disposed along a length of the cylindrical torque tube.

In an example, the method includes assembling a plurality of clamps spatially disposed and configured around an annular portion of the cylindrical torque tube. Each of the plurality of clamps is configured to mate with the notch to prevent movement of the clamp. In an example, the clamp comprises a support region configured to support a portion of a solar module.

In an example, the method includes attaching a rail configured to each of the clamps, the rail comprising a thread region configured to hold a bolt. The bolt is adapted to screw into the thread and bottom out against a portion of cylindrical torque tube such that the clamp is desirably torqued against the cylindrical torque tube.

In an example, the method includes attaching a solar module to the rail or other attachment device. Further details of other examples can be found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

FIG. 8 is a simplified perspective view of a pair of horizontal tracker apparatus configured together with a plurality of solar panels according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown is a tracker apparatus for solar modules. The tracker apparatus has a first pier comprising a

first pivot device, a second pier comprising a drive mount, and a third pier comprising a second pivot device. The second pier is between the first and third piers, as shown in an example. Of course, additional piers can be configured on each outer side of the first and third piers.

In an example, the drive mount is capable for construction tolerances in at least three-axis, and is configured to a drive device. The drive device has an off-set clamp device coupled to a cylindrical bearing device coupled to a clamp member.

In an example, the apparatus has a cylindrical torque tube operably disposed on the first pier and the second pier, and then on the third pier. In an example, the cylindrical torque tube comprises a first end and a second end, and a notch. The notch is one of a plurality of notches spatially disposed along a length of the cylindrical torque tube. The apparatus has a clamp configured around an annular portion of the cylindrical torque tube and mate with the notch to prevent movement of the clamp. The clamp comprises a support region configured to support a portion of a solar module. In an example, the cylindrical torque tube is configured to the 20 drive device to rotate the cylindrical torque tube while each of the clamp members holds the tube in place. Further details of the present apparatus can be found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

FIG. 9 is a simplified diagram of a plurality of horizontal 25 tracker apparatus configured together according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown is a solar tracker apparatus. The apparatus has a center of mass with an adjustable hanger assembly configured with a clam shell clamp assembly on the adjustable hanger assembly and a 30 cylindrical torque tube comprising a plurality of torque tubes configured together in a continuous length from a first end to a second end such that the center of mass is aligned with a center of rotation of the cylindrical torque tubes to reduce a load of a drive motor operably coupled to the cylindrical 35 torque tube. In an example, the drive motor is operable to move the torque tube about the center of rotation and is substantially free from a load. The center of rotation is offset from a center of the cylindrical torque tube.

In an example, the invention provides a tracker apparatus 40 comprising a plurality of torque tubes comprising a first torque tube coupled to a second torque tube coupled to an Nth torque tube, whereupon N is an integer greater than 2. Each pair of torque tubes is coupled to each other free from any welds.

In an example, a single drive motor can be coupled to a center region of the plurality of torque tubes to rotate the torque tube in a desirable manner to allow each of the solar modules to track a direction of electromagnetic radiation from the sun.

In an example, each tracker apparatus comprises a torque tube coupled to an array of solar panels, as shown. Each of the tracker apparatus is coupled to each other via the torque tube, and a pivot device. Each tracker has a corresponding pair of piers, a torque tube, and one or more pivot devices, 55 as shown. Further details of each of these elements are described in detail throughout the present specification.

FIG. 10 is a simplified diagram of an array of a plurality of horizontal tracker apparatus configured together according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown are 60 an array of horizontally configured tracker devices to form a plurality of rows of tracker devices arranged in a parallel manner. Each pair of rows of trackers has an avenue, which allows for other applications. That is, row crops or other things can be provided in the avenue, which extends along 65 an entirety of each horizontal tracker row. In an example, the plurality of tracker apparatus is configured in an array within

10

a geographic region. Each of the plurality of tracker apparatus is driven independently of each other to cause each row to stow independently at a different or similar angle. Unlike conventional trackers, which often have mechanical device between the rows, each of the avenues is continuous from one end to the other end, as allows for a tractor or other vehicle to drive from one end to the other end in a preferred example. Of course, there can be other variations, modifications, and alternatives.

In an example, the apparatus is configured substantially free from any welds during assembly, and can be assembled using conventional tools. In an example, the torque tube is coupled to another torque tube via a swage device within a vicinity of the clam shall clamp member. In an example, the torque tube is coupled to an elastomeric damper in line to dampen torque movement to be substantially free from formation of a harmonic waveform along any portion of a plurality of solar panels configured to the torque tube.

In an example, the apparatus further comprising a locking damper or rigid structure to configure a solar panel coupled to the torque tube in a fixed tilt position to prevent damage to stopper and lock into a foundation-in a position that is substantially free from fluttering in an environment with high movement of air. In an example, the locking damper fixes each of the plurality of solar modules in a desirable angle relative to the direction of air or wind.

In an example, the apparatus has a controller apparatus configured in an inserter box provided in an underground region to protect the controller apparatus. In an example, the inserter box is made of a suitable material, which is sealed and/or environmentally suitable to protect the controller apparatus.

In operation, the apparatus has a drive device to linearly actuate the torque tube to allow for desirable positions of each of the solar modules relative to incident electromagnetic radiation. In an example, an electrical connection and source (e.g., 120V, 60 Hz, 240V) is coupled to a drive device. Of course, there can be variations.

FIG. 11 is a simplified diagram of a clamp assembly for the horizontal tracker of FIG. 1 according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the clamp assembly has a clamp housing member configured in an upright direction, which is a direction away from a direction of gravity. In an example, the clamp housing member comprises a lower region and an upper region. The lower region is coupled to a pier structure. The lower region has a thickness of material comprising bolt openings, which align to openings on an upper portion of the pier structure. Locking nuts and bolts are configured to hold the lower region of the clamp housing to the pier structure in an upright manner. At least a pair of openings is provided in each of the lower region of the clamp housing and the pier structure, as shown.

In an example, the upper region comprises a spherical bearing device. The upper region has a tongue structure, which has an opening that houses the spherical bearing between a pair of plates, which hold the bearing in place. In an example, the spherical bearing allows for rotational, and movement in each of the three axis directions within a desirable range. Each of the plates is disposed within a recessed region on each side of the tongue structure. Each of the plates may include a fastener to hold such plate in place within the recessed region.

In an example, clamp assembly has a clam shell clamp member coupled to the spherical bearing and the clam shell clamp being suspended from the spherical bearing. That is, the clam shell clamp has a first side and a second side. Each side has an upper region comprising an opening. A pin is

inserted through each of the openings, while an opening of the spherical bearing is provided as a third suspension region between each of the openings, as shown.

Each side of the clam shell is shaped to conform or couple to at least one side of a portion of the torque tube, as shown. 5 Each side has one or more opens, which align to one or more openings on the portion of the torque tube. A pin or bolt is inserted through each of the openings to clamp the clam shell clamp to the portion of the torque tube and surround substantially an entirety of a peripheral region of the torque tube. The pin or bolt or pins or bolts also holds the torque tube in a fixed position relative to the clam shell clamp to prevent the torque tube from slipping and/or twisting within the clam shell clamp. Of course, there can be variations.

In an example, the spherical bearing allows for a construction tolerance, tracker movement, and acts as a bonding path of least resistance taking an electrical current to ground. The bonding path occurs from any of the modules, through the frame, to each of the clamp assembly, to one or more piers, and then to ground.

In an example, a torque tube comprising a first end and a second end is coupled to the spherical bearing to support the torque tube from the upper region of the clamp housing member. In an example, the torque tube is configured from an off-set position from a center region of rotation.

In an example, a drive device, which will be described in more detail below, is coupled to the second end such that the drive device and the torque tube are configured to be substantially free from a twisting action while under a load.

In an example, the clam shell apparatus comprising a first 30 member operably coupled to a second member to hold a torque tube in place. In an example, the apparatus has a clamp housing operably coupled to the clam shell apparatus via a spherical bearing device such that the spherical bearing comprises an axis of rotation, which is different from a 35 center of the torque tube.

FIGS. 12 through 14 are simplified diagrams illustrating a method for assembling the clamp assembly of FIG. 11. In an example, the present method is for assembling a solar tracker apparatus. The method includes providing a clamp 40 housing member configured in an upright direction. The clamp housing member comprises a lower region and an upper region. In an example, the lower region is coupled to a pier structure. The upper region comprises a spherical bearing device. In an example, the upright direction is away 45 from a direction of gravity. In an example, the method includes coupling a first half clam shell clamp member and a second half clam shell clamp member (collectively a clam shell clamp member) to the cylindrical bearing. The method also includes supporting a torque tube between the first half 50 clam shell clamp and the second half clam shell clamp, each of which is coupled to the spherical bearing to support the torque tube from the upper region of the clamp housing member, the torque tube being configured from an off-set position from a center region of rotation.

In an example, the apparatus is configured substantially free from any welds during assembly. In an example, the torque tube is coupled to another torque tube via a swage device within a vicinity of the clam shell clamp member. In an example, the torque tube is coupled to an elastomeric 60 damper in line to dampen torque movement to be substantially free from formation of a harmonic waveform along any portion of a plurality of solar panels configured to the torque tube.

In an example, the method includes coupling a pin mem- 65 ber to the first half clam shell clamp member, the second half clam shell clamp member, and the spherical bearing. In an

12

example, the method includes coupling a first member and a second member to sandwich the spherical bearing to a tongue region of the upper region of the clamp housing member. In an example, the spherical bearing is configured for rotation, and movement of the pin to pivot along a solid angle region. In an example, the housing clamp member is a continuous structure made of cast or stamped or machined metal material. In an example, each of the first half clam shell member and the second half claim shell member is made of a solid continuous structure that is cast or stamped or machined metal material. In an example, the spherical bearing allows for a construction tolerance, tracker movement, and acting as a bonding path of least resistance taking an electrical current to ground. Further details of the present method and apparatus can be found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

FIG. 15 is a simplified perspective diagram of a drive assembly configured on a pier member according to an embodiment of the present invention. In an example, as shown, the solar tracker apparatus comprises a drive device. The drive device is coupled to an electric motor, which can be DC or AC. The drive device has a shaft, which rotates around a rotational point, and drives each crank, which is described below. The drive device is provided on a support or drive mount, which is configured on an upper region of a pier, which has been described. The drive device is coupled to a crank coupled to the drive device and configured in an offset manner to a frame assembly, which has a plurality of solar modules.

In an example, the drive device provides rotation to a continuous torque tube spatially disposed from a first region to a second region. The drive device has a drive line, which couples via a gear box to drive a pair of cranks Each crank is coupled to each side of the drive device, which causes rotational movement of each crank.

In an example, the crank comprises a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device. In an example, the crank comprises a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device. In an example, each crank has a flange having a plurality of bolt openings to couple to one side of the drive device. Each crank has an arm, which is normal to each flange, and couples to cylindrical member that has one or more bolt openings. The apparatus has a first torque tube coupled to the first crank via the cylindrical member and a second torque tube coupled to the second crank via another cylindrical member. In an example, a first swage fitting is coupling the first crank to the first torque tube and a second swage fitting is coupling the second crank to the second torque tube. One or more bolts are inserted through the cylindrical members to secure a portion of the torque tube in place, and keep it free from rotation or twisting within the cylindrical member, and lock it into place, as shown.

In an example, each of the cranks is made of a suitable metal material that may be cast, machined, or stamped. Each cylindrical member is made of a suitable metal material to coupled to an end of the torque tube, as shown. A swage fitting can be provided to couple or connect the end of the torque tube to each cylindrical member as shown. Of course, there can be variations. Further details of assembling the drive device can be found throughout the present specification, and more particularly below.

FIGS. 16 through 19 are simplified diagrams illustrating a method for assembling the drive assembly of FIG. 15. In an example, the method includes providing a drive device, as shown. In an example, the method includes coupling the

drive device via a drive line or shaft to an electric motor, which can be DC or AC. The method includes coupling the drive device to a support or drive mount, which is configured on an upper region of a pier, which has been described. In an example, the pier comprising a plurality of support 5 structures coupled to a drive device support. The drive device support having a first member coupled to the plurality of support structures, and a second member coupled to the drive device.

In an example, the method includes coupling the drive 10 device a crank coupled to the drive device and configured in an offset manner to a frame assembly, which has a plurality of solar modules. In an example, the drive device has the drive line, which couples via a gear box to drive a pair of cranks Each crank is coupled to each side of the drive 15 device, which causes rotational movement of each crank. In an example, the crank comprises a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device. In an example, the crank comprises a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive 20 device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device. In an example, each crank has a flange having a plurality of bolt openings to couple to one side of the drive device. Each crank has an arm, which is normal to each flange, and couples to cylindrical member that has one or 25 more bolt openings. The apparatus has a first torque tube coupled to the first crank via the cylindrical member and a second torque tube coupled to the second crank via another cylindrical member. In an example, a first swage fitting is coupling the first crank to the first torque tube and a second 30 swage fitting is coupling the second crank to the second torque tube. One or more bolts are inserted through the cylindrical members to secure a portion of the torque tube in place, and keep it free from rotation or twisting within the cylindrical member, and lock it into place, as shown.

FIG. 20 is a simplified in-line view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly separate and apart from a pier member according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the clamp assembly has a clamp housing member configured in an upright direction, which is a direction away 40 from a direction of gravity. In an example, the clamp housing member comprises a lower region and an upper region. The lower region is coupled to a pier structure. The lower region has a thickness of material comprising bolt openings, which align to openings on an upper portion of the 45 pier structure. Locking nuts and bolts are configured to hold the lower region of the clamp housing to the pier structure in an upright manner. At least a pair of openings is provided in each of the lower region of the clamp housing and the pier structure, as shown. Each of the openings in the lower region 50 of the clamp housing is configured as a slot to allow for adjustment in a direction normal to the direction of the length of the pier structure. Each of the openings in the pier structure is configured as an elongated slot in the direction of the length of the pier structure to allow for adjustment in 55 clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a second the same direction. Of course, there can be variations, where the directions of the slots are exchanged and/or combined.

In an example, the upper region comprises a spherical bearing device. The upper region has a tongue structure, which has an opening that houses the spherical bearing 60 between a pair of plates, which hold the bearing in place. In an example, the spherical bearing allows for rotational, and movement in each of the three axis directions within a desirable range. Each of the plates is disposed within a recessed region on each side of the tongue structure. Each of 65 the plates may include a fastener to hold such plate in place within the recessed region.

14

In an example, the clamp housing has a pair of openings and lower region that is designed like a heart like shape and a tongue region, which supports the spherical bearing assembly, as shown. Each lobe of the heart like shape acts as a stop for movement of the torque tube in a lateral rotational movement in either direction depending upon the spatial orientation of the lobe. Further details of the clamp housing can be found further below.

In an example, clamp assembly has a clam shell clamp member coupled to the spherical bearing and the clam shell clamp being suspended from the spherical bearing. That is, the clam shell clamp has a first side and a second side. Each side has an upper region comprising an opening. A pin is inserted through each of the openings, while an opening of the spherical bearing is provided as a third suspension region between each of the openings, as shown.

Each side of the clam shell is shaped to conform or couple to at least one side of a portion of the torque tube, as shown. Each side has one or more opens, which align to one or more openings on the portion of the torque tube. A pin or bolt is inserted through each of the openings to clamp the clam shell clamp to the portion of the torque tube and surround substantially an entirety of a peripheral region of the torque tube. The pin or bolt or pins or bolts also holds the torque tube in a fixed position relative to the clam shell clamp to prevent the torque tube from slipping and/or twisting within the clam shell clamp. Of course, there can be variations.

In an example, the spherical bearing allows for a construction tolerance, tracker movement, and acts as a bonding path of least resistance taking an electrical current to ground. The bonding path occurs from any of the modules, through the frame, to each of the clamp assembly, to one or more piers, and then to ground.

In an example, the clam shell apparatus comprising a first member operably coupled to a second member to hold a torque tube in place. In an example, the apparatus has a clamp housing operably coupled to the clam shell apparatus via a spherical bearing device such that the spherical bearing comprises an axis of rotation, which is different from a center of the torque tube.

FIG. 21 is a simplified in-line view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, a pair of nuts and bolts holds the pier structure to the clamp housing along the dotted line.

FIG. 22 is a simplified in-line view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a first orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the clamp housing can be off-set in a vertical and lateral manner using the slots in each of the pier and housing structure facing the in-line view of the torque tube.

FIG. 23 is a simplified in-line view diagram illustrating a orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the clamp housing can be adjusted in a rotational manner (in either direction) using the same slots in each of the pier and housing structures facing the in-line view of the torque tube.

FIG. 24 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a first orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the housing and pier structure, along with the torque tube, are arranged in a normal orientation using the pins configuring the torque tube to the clam shell clamp member. As shown, the clamp member has an elongated

opening to allow each of the pins to be adjusted in place, which allows the relationship of the clamp and torque tube

FIG. 25 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a second 5 orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the torque tube is shifted in an in-line direction (either way) using the slots in the clamp, while the torque tube has a smaller opening for the pin, which does not allow for any adjustment, in an example.

FIG. 26 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a third orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the torque tube can be rotated or adjusted relative to the direction of the length of the pier using the movement 15 of the spherical bearing assembly, explained and shown. As shown, the torque tube is parallel to the direction of gravity in an example.

FIG. 27 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a fourth 20 orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the torque tube can be rotated or adjusted relative to the direction of the length of the pier using the movement of the spherical bearing assembly, explained and shown. As shown, the torque tube is not 25 a method of configuring a U-bolt member to a torque tube parallel to the direction of gravity in an example.

FIG. 28 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a fifth orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the torque tube, housing, and clamp are aligned 30 in this example.

FIG. 29 is a simplified side view diagram illustrating a clamp assembly coupled to a pier member in a sixth orientation according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the torque tube, housing, and clamp are aligned 35 in this example. However, the position of the spherical bearing to pin has shifted in one direction by sliding the pin in the same direction, although the pin can be slid in the other opposite direction in other examples. In this example, pin to clamp arrangement can be moved along the pin from 40 one spatial region to another spatial region.

FIGS. 30 through 32 illustrate an in-line view of the clamp assembly and the drive assembly in multiple configurations according to embodiments of the present invention. As shown, the crank is in a lower position, which allows for 45 the torque tube to be at its lowest position in an example. As the drive device moves the crank, the torque tube swings from the lowest position to an elevated position in a radial manner along a first direction or an elevated position in a radial manner along a second direction, as shown. As the 50 torque tube rotates, the plurality of solar panels fixed to the torque tube also rotate along a path from a first spatial region to a second spatial region. As shown, each of the inner regions of the lobes acts as a stop for the torque tube or an override for the torque tube. Of course, there can be other 55 variations.

FIG. 33 is a side view diagram of the tracker apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown is a side view diagram of the torque tube, solar panels with frames, and clamp housing and structure.

FIGS. 34 and 35 are simplified side view diagrams of a torque tube according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, each of the torque tubes has a plurality of openings on each end for affixing to either the clamp or drive device cylinder. Each of the torque tubes also has a 65 plurality of openings for clamps configured to hold the tube to a frame coupled to the plurality of solar modules.

16

FIGS. 36, 37, and 38 are simplified perspective-view, side view, and front view diagrams of a clamp member or half clam shell member according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown are the clam shell members, including pin opening to be coupled to the spherical bearing, and a plurality of slots for bolts to hold the torque tube in place and for adjustment.

FIGS. 39 and 40 are simplified perspective-view and side view diagrams of a clamp housing according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown is the clamp housing configured as a heart like shape, with tongue. The tongue has a recessed region, and an opening or slot for the spherical bearing. The housing also has a member to be coupled to the pier structure.

FIGS. 41, 42, 43, and 44 are simplified diagrams of component(s) for a U-bolt member according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown is a U-bolt member and a pair of nuts to secure the U-bolt. The components also includes an upper clamp with a protrusion to be coupled to a notch or opening in the torque tube to present any movement between the torque tube and U-bolt member. That is, the protrusion acts as a stop to hold the U-bolt in place.

FIGS. 45, 46, and 47 are simplified diagrams illustrating according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown are U-bolt coupled to a periphery of the torque tube. The clamp member including protrusion, which has a thinner portion and thicker portion, coupled to a notch in the torque tube. A pair of bolts fastens and secures the clamp member and U-bolt in place to hold the frame structure, which couples to the plurality of solar modules.

FIGS. 48 and 49 illustrate various views of a tracker apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the torque tube and tracker apparatus are in a normal rest position.

FIGS. 50 and 51 illustrate views of a tracker apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, a lateral force is provided against a direction normal to the length of the torque tube, which causes one end of the torque tube to move in the lateral direction, while the other end remains fixed in an example.

FIGS. 52 and 53 illustrate an illustration of a torque tube according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the torque tube rotates and swings in a radial manner upon being subjected to the lateral force, in an example. The torque tube stops against an inner side of one of the lobes of the clamp housing.

FIG. 54 is a perspective diagram of a clamp housing and support member according to an example of the present invention. As shown is a first configuration of the clamp to the support member.

FIG. 55 is a perspective diagram of a clamp housing and support member according to an example of the present invention. As shown is a second configuration of the clamp to the support member. In an example, the support member has an elongated slot that allows for the clamp member to move from a first spatial location to a second spatial location in a continuous manner along a determined direction. A pair of nuts/bolts or other fasteners are provided to secure the housing to the support, as shown.

FIG. 56 is a front-view diagram of the clamp housing and support member according to an example of the present invention.

FIGS. 57 and 58 illustrate a perspective view and a front view of the support member according to an example of the present invention.

FIG. **59** illustrate a perspective view of the clamp housing according to an example of the present invention.

FIG. **60** is an illustration of a plurality of torque tubes configured in a stack for transportation in an example. As shown, each of the torque tubes has at least a pair of clamp or spacers having a recessed region, which has a similar or same curvature as the torque tube to allow the torque tube to be inserted into the recessed region and be substantially free from movement once the plurality of tubes have been strapped together.

FIG. **61** is a more detailed illustration of a clamp or spacer having a recessed region for stacking in the stack of the prior Figure. As shown, each clamp or upper clamp or spacer has a recessed region, which intimately mates or couples with an outer periphery of the torque tube. Of course, there can be 15 variations.

FIGS. **62**, **63**, and **64** illustrate various views of the drive device support member according to an example of the present invention. As shown, the member has a built-in offset so that a horizontal portion remains centered over a 20 pier structure. In an example, the offset can also be used to shift the drive device in a north-south direction or other direction. By installing the drive mount backwards, on the appropriate side of the pier, the drive can be moved about one inch or other dimension in the desired direction. In an example, the support member has a plurality of spacer plates, which can be ³/₁₆-inch thick or other dimension. In an example, only one set of spacer plates may be used due to the length of the four 5052 M16×50 bolts, although there can be variations.

FIGS. **65** and **66** illustrate various views of a clamp assembly according to an example of the present invention.

FIGS. 67 through 71 illustrate various view of a horizontal tracker configured with a plurality of solar panels in a portrait view according to examples of the present invention. 35 As shown, each of the solar panels can be configured where the length is aligned with a direction of gravity, while the width is normal to the length.

FIG. 72 is a simplified plot illustrating a force plotted against a wind speed in an example of the present invention. 40 As shown, the present method and apparatus have a lower drive force. In an example, a benefit of the present apparatus that the center of mass is configured to allow the solar modules to rotate about a first angle through a solid angle to a second angle, while the amount of load in driving the 45 rotating is substantially the same, unlike conventional tracker technologies.

FIGS. 73, 74, and 75 illustrate a support member in a perspective, front, and side view diagrams according to examples of the present invention. As shown, the support 50 has a flat member comprising a pair of openings (elongated slots), a length, and a width to be configured to a pier structure, as described. The flat member is a truck of a y-shaped structure. Each of the branches extending from the flat member comprises a first portion configured to a first 55 portion of the flat member, and a second portion configured to an upper region of the flat member. Each of the branches has an elongated slot perpendicular to the flat member. Each of the slots can be used to allow for an adjustment along a direction of the slot when configured to the pier or a 60 structure for the clamp member.

FIGS. **76** and **77** are simplified side-view diagrams of the support and clamp assembly from a first side view and a second side view.

FIGS. **78** through **83** are various simplified illustrations of 65 a frame, torque tube, and clamp assembly according to embodiments of the present invention.

18

FIG. **84** is a simplified diagram of a clamp assembly with support in a first position configured in a portion of the elongated slot in the support member.

FIG. **85** is a simplified diagram of a clamp assembly with support in a first position configured in a first portion of the elongated slot in the support member, and a second position configured in a second portion of the elongated slot of the support member.

FIG. 86 is an expanded view of the clamp assemblyconfigured to the support member according to an embodiment of the present invention.

In an example, the present parts and elements can be made of suitable material, such as steel, aluminum, or other alloys. Additionally, such steel and/or alloys and/or aluminum can be cast, stamped, or welded, or combinations thereof. Of course, there can be other variations, modifications, and alternatives. In an example, the drive motor is operable to move the torque tube about the center of rotation and is substantially free from a load and move the torque tube about the center of rotation at substantially a same force from a first radial position to a second radial position.

It is understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application and scope of the appended claims.

I claim:

- 1. A solar tracker apparatus, the apparatus comprising: a drive device;
- a crank coupled to the drive device and configured in an offset manner to a first end of a continuous torque tube, the continuous torque tube comprising a plurality of torque tubes, each of the torque tubes being cylindrical in shape;
- a frame assembly coupled to the continuous torque tube, the frame assembly coupled to a plurality of solar modules:
- a clamp assembly comprising a housing coupled to a second end of the continuous torque tube such that the continuous torque tube is suspended from the housing, the housing comprising an opening having a major plane normal to a length of the continuous torque tube, the opening comprising a first inner region and a second inner region, the first inner region acts as a first stop for the continuous torque tube when moved in a first radial direction until contacting the first inner region, and the second inner region acts as a second stop for the continuous torque tube when moved in a second radial direction until contacting the second inner region;
- wherein the drive motor is operable to move the torque tube about a center of rotation and is under a load and moves the torque tube about the center of rotation at substantially a same force from a first radial position to a second radial position;
- wherein the center of rotation is offset from a center of the continuous torque tube via the crank configured in the offset manner.
- 2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the continuous torque tube moves such that a spatial point of the continuous torque tube faces the center of rotation as the continuous torque tube pivots through the first radial position to the second radial position.
- 3. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein the crank comprises a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device;

the first crank comprising a first flange connected to the first side of the drive device, and the second crank comprising a second flange connected to the second side of the drive device, the first crank further comprising a first arm coupled to a first cylinder swage fitted to a first end of a first torque 5 tube, the second crank comprising a second arm coupled to a second cylinder swage fitted to a second end of a second torque tube; wherein the first torque tube and the second torque tube being off-set from an axis of the drive device.

- **4.** The apparatus of claim **2** wherein the crank comprises 10 a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device; and further comprises a first torque tube coupled to the first crank and a second torque tube coupled to the second crank.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein the crank comprises 15 a first crank coupled to a first side of the drive device and a second crank coupled to a second side of the drive device; and further comprises a first torque tube coupled to the first crank and a second torque tube coupled to the second crank, and further comprises a first swage fitting coupling the first 20 crank to the first torque tube and a second swage fitting coupling the second crank to the second crank to the second torque tube.
- 6. The apparatus of claim 2 further comprising a pier coupled to the drive device, the pier comprising a plurality of support structures coupled to a drive device support, the 25 drive device support having a first member coupled to the plurality of support structures, and a second member coupled to the drive device.
- 7. The apparatus of claim 2 further comprising a drive mount coupled to a pier.
- 8. A solar tracker apparatus comprising a clamp assembly, the clamp assembly comprising a housing having an opening having a major plane normal to a length of a continuous torque tube, the opening comprising a first inner region and a second inner region, the first inner region acts as a first stop 35 for the continuous torque tube when moved in a first radial direction until contacting first inner region, and the second inner region acts as a second stop for the continuous torque tube when moved in a second radial direction until contacting the second inner region, the housing having a pivotable 40 hanger assembly configured to suspend the continuous torque tube such that the continuous torque tube traverse through the major plane,
 - wherein the apparatus comprising a center of mass with the pivotable hanger assembly the continuous torque 45 tube comprising a plurality of cylindrical torque tubes configured together in a continuous length from a first end to a second end such that the center of mass is aligned with a center of rotation of the cylindrical torque tubes to reduce a load of a drive motor operably 50 coupled to the cylindrical torque tube.
- 9. The apparatus of claim 8 wherein the drive motor is operable to move the continuous torque tube about the center of rotation and is under a load and moves the torque tube about the center of rotation at substantially a same force 55 from a first radial position to a second radial position.
- 10. The apparatus of claim 8 wherein the center of rotation is offset from a center of the continuous torque tube.
- 11. The apparatus of claim 8 wherein the plurality of cylindrical torque tubes comprising a first torque tube 60 coupled to a second torque tube coupled to an Nth torque tube, whereupon N is an integer greater than 2; whereupon each of the plurality of torque tubes is coupled to another of the plurality of torque tubes free from any welds.
- 12. The apparatus of claim 8 wherein each of the plurality 65 of torque tubes is swage fitted to another of the plurality of torque tubes.

20

- 13. The tracker apparatus of claim 8 wherein the plurality of cylindrical torque tubes is characterized by a length greater than 80 meters.
- **14**. The tracker apparatus of claim **11** wherein each of the torque tubes comprises a plurality of notches.
- **15**. The tracker apparatus of claim **11** further comprising a plurality of U-bolt devices coupled respectively to a plurality of notches.
 - 16. A tracker apparatus comprising:
 - a first pier comprising a first pivot device;
 - a second pier comprising a drive mount, the drive mount capable of accommodating construction tolerances in at least three-axes, the drive mount being configured to support a drive device having an off-set clamp device coupled to a cylindrical bearing device coupled to a clamp member;
 - a cylindrical torque tube operably disposed on the first pier and the second pier, the cylindrical torque tube comprising a first end and a second end, and a notch, the notch being one of a plurality of notches spatially disposed along a length of the cylindrical torque tube; and
 - a clamp configured around an annular portion of the cylindrical torque tube and mating with the notch to prevent movement of the clamp, the clamp comprising a support region configured to support a portion of a solar module; and
 - a clamp assembly comprising a housing coupled to the first end of the cylindrical torque tube such that the cylindrical torque tube is suspended from the housing, the housing comprising an opening having a major plane normal to a length of the cylindrical torque tube, the opening comprising a first inner region and a second inner region, the first inner region acts as a first stop for the cylindrical torque tube when moved in a first radial direction until contacting the first inner region, and the second inner region acts as a second stop for the cylindrical torque tube when moved in a second radial direction until contacting the second inner region.
- 17. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the first pier comprises a wide flange beam;
 - wherein the first pivot device comprises a spherical bearing configured to be in structural contact with a clamshell clamp device to secure the first end to the cylindrical torque tube and be suspended from the housing;
 - wherein the cylindrical torque tube comprising a one to ten inch diameter pipe made of a hollow structure steel; wherein the clamp comprises a pin configured with the notch;
 - and further comprising a rail configured to support the clamp, the rail comprising a thread region configured to hold a bolt, the bolt being adapted to screw into the thread and bottom out against a portion of cylindrical torque tube such that the clamp is desirably torqued against the cylindrical torque tube.
- **18**. The apparatus of claim **16** wherein the cylindrical torque tube is configured to rotate through a solid angle from a first radius to a second radius at a substantially constant load.
- 19. The apparatus of claim 18 further comprising an off-set crank coupled to the cylindrical torque tube coupled to a drive device.

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